



BUILDING INFORMATION MODELLING

for General Building Plan Submission (Phase One) Consultancy Report FEB-2017

CIC Preparation of BIM Standards for General Building Plan Submission (Phase One)

FEB 2017

Developed By
Advanced Construction Information Development Ltd.

Disclaimer

Whilst reasonable efforts have been made to ensure the accuracy of the information contained in this publication, the CIC nevertheless would encourage readers to seek appropriate independent advice from their professional advisers where possible and readers should not treat or rely on this publication as a substitute for such professional advice for taking any relevant actions.

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Definition of Abbreviation

Abbreviations Definition

CIC Construction Industry Council, Hong Kong

BD Buildings Department

LandsD Lands Department

AP Authorized Persons

RSE Registered Structural Engineers

RGE Registered Geotechnical Engineers

BCA Building & Construction Authority

BIM Building Information Modelling

CAD Computer Aided Drafting

CSWP CAD Standard for Works Projects

IFC Industry Foundation Classes

GBP General Building Plan

PNAP Practice Notes for Authorized Persons

G.F.A. Gross Floor Area

U.F.A. Usable Floor Area

S.C. Site Coverage

O.S. Open Space

P.R. Plot Ratio

FS Code 2011 Code of Practice for Fire Safety in Buildings 2011

The requirements in this document is expressed in sentences in which the principal auxiliary verb is "shall". Recommendations are expressed in sentences in which the principal auxiliary verb is "should". The use of the auxiliary verb "can" indicates that something is technically possible and the auxiliary verb "may" indicates permission.

Bold & Italic refers to specific Autodesk Revit terminology.

Other BIM platforms may use different terminology.

1 Introduction

The benefits of using Building Information Modelling (BIM)

BIM technology can produce a three dimensional model that can be utilized for code compliance checking (or may be for approval). The current Hong Kong practice focuses on paper based format for statutory and legal reasons. This study concentrates on using BIM technology to produce paper drawings and calculations for statutory submission purpose.

Promotion of the BIM technology

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To promote the BIM technology in construction works projects, the committee on environment, innovation and technology of Construction Industry Council (CIC) set up a working group to define the roadmap for BIM Implementation in the construction industry of Hong Kong.

After a series of meetings and discussions among the working group members, two key tasks were identified:

- a) To devise a set of standards or specifications for the use of BIM in construction projects to facilitate those users who wish to widen the usage of BIM.
- b) To carry out more promotional activities targeting those industry stakeholders who either are not familiar with the usage and benefits of BIM or are observers or beginners for the adoption of BIM.

The CIC has decided to commission a consultancy study for the Preparation of BIM Standards for General Building Plans (GBP) Submission to Buildings Department, setting principles and methodology for other statutory authorities and concerned departments to follow in future. The techniques of using BIM for GBP Submission can also be applied to submissions for other concerned departments.

The role of A.C.I.D.

A.C.I.D. has been awarded the tasks of a consultant to prepare the BIM Standard, to organize forum among statutory authorities, institutes or other major private corporations, and to ensure the whole process will be fully understood and adopted by the industry.

Software Platform

This report does not mandate any specific BIM platform. Generic or open source IFC terminology is used throughout, except at where illustrations, diagrams and workflow demonstration are needed, Autodesk's Revit is used. To achieve the same outcome using other BIM platforms, readers should request their particular software vendor for assistance.

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2 Background

Objective

It is understood that BIM technology can produce a three-dimensional model that can be utilized for code compliance checking (or may be approval), the current Hong Kong practice for the time being focuses on paper based format for statutory and legal reasons; however, this study concentrates on using BIM technology to produce paper drawings and calculations for statutory submission purpose.

The objective of this consultancy (Phase One) is to prepare a standard to utilize the advantage of Building Information Modelling (BIM) to streamline the process of submission of General Building Plans (GBP) for the new development instead of the submission of alteration and additional works to relevant statutory authorities and concerned departments.

The purpose of this phase one standards aims not to propose for a replacement or substitution of the existing practice from the statutory authorities' and the concerned departments, but to provide an alternative method to help the industry to have a quick method to quality check their submission via BIM technology before making a formal submission. It aims to reduce time needed in quality check by manual and to avoid disapproval due to computational error (if any).

The information provided in this report is for general reference only. A report user who wishes to develop computation solutions to comply with the relevant statutory requirements should consult Authorized Person or relevant professional.

It is IMPORTANT to note that this report does not aim to and must not be deemed to exhaustively list out, redefine, interpret or replace any ordinances or regulations. This report aims to specify standard BIM tools and format to be used for presenting a certain set of required information for electronic submission to relevant departments. Any attempts to list out ordinance requirements found in this report are either directly extracted or summarised from commonly referred relevant requirements under the BO and subsidiary regulations, Code of Practice, PNAP etc. and should be deemed non-comprehensive.

2.1 Deliverables

The time frame and deliverables are outlined below:

CIC Pr	eparation of BIM Stan	dards for GBP Submis	ssion
Task	Project Deliverables	Month After the Contract Commencement	Percentage of Task to Overall Project
(I) Consultancy Status and Study Report	Inception Report Progress Report Final Report	2 Weeks Monthly 8 th Month	40%
(II) Conduct Stakeholders' Engagement Forums	Stakeholders Engagement Forums	1 st Month	20%
(III) Provision of Updated Standards	Draft Standards Final Standards Update to Standards	4 th Month 6 th Month < 6 months after acceptance of Final Standards	30%
(IV) Provision of Train-the-Trainer Trainings and Technical Briefing	Technical Trainings	7 th Month	10%

Total 100%

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2.2 Scope of Consultancy Services

ACID are required to review the requirements under the Buildings Ordinance and its subsidiary regulations, relevant Codes of Practice and Practice Notes issued by Buildings Department, Planning Department, and Lands Department to prepare the standards aiming to develop a computational solution which facilitates semi-automatic or automatic (preferably) checking of the following items:

a. Fundamental Checking Equivalent to the Standards as per Current Practice Notes

- Checking of file drawn in true size
- Checking of all dimensions and areas in true figures;
- Checking of area type in valid name, e.g. ARC08240 non-domestic area.

b. Checking of Gross Floor Area (i.e. Site Coverage and Plot Ratio)

- Checking of Gross Floor Area, non-Gross Floor Area, site coverage and plot ratio;
- Checking of Gross Floor Area, non-Gross Floor Area, site coverage and plot ratio, with consideration of bonus Gross Floor Area and site coverage;
- Separate checking to be provided according to requirements from Buildings Department, Planning Department, and Lands Department.

c. Checking of Means of Escape

- Checking of Usable Floor Area;
- Checking of number and width of exit routes and doors provided;
- Checking of number of people, required number and width of exit routes and doors.

d. Checking of Sanitary Fitment Provision

- Checking of Usable Floor Space;
- Checking of sanitary fitment provision provided;
- Checking of number of male and female persons, and required number of sanitary fitments.

e. Checking of Fire Compartment and Fire Resisting Construction

- Checking of actual fire compartment area and volume;
- Checking of requirements on fire resisting rating and elements of construction.

3 Statutory Submission Drawings

BIM is a Purpose-Driven tool while every element was based on a purpose. The following section will explain the workflow and logic on how each item for General Building Plan Submission on the list below shall be created in a flow of BIM Technology.

3.1 BIM Workflow

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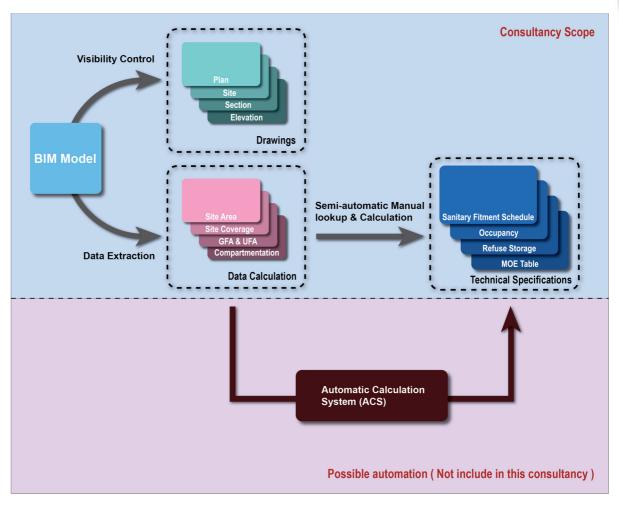


Figure 3-1. GBP workflow and components

The BIM Wokflow basically separate into 3 parts:

- 1. Drawings Set up specific views on sheet such as plan, section, elevation etc.
- 2. Data extraction Create *area plans* and *rooms* for calculation purposes.
- 3. Calculation Use schedules to calculate the technical specifications suach as Sanitary Fitment Provision, Occupancy, Means of escape requirements etc.

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3.2 Drawing Graphics

A federated BIM model had to be collaborated by different parties, such as Architectural, Structural, Mechanical etc. They have to communicate and collaborate through meetings and adjust their own respective BIM model.

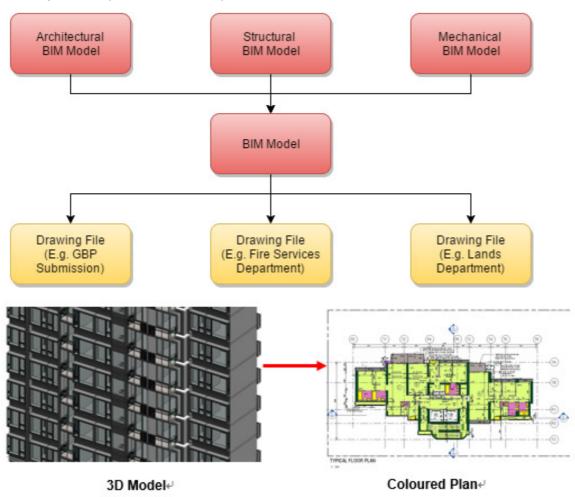


Figure 3-2. Multiple presentations for single federated BIM model

A federated BIM model can produce various deliverable such as Government Submission, Sunlight Analysis, Geotechnical Analysis, Geographic Analysis & Energy Analysis etc., . . A good practice in BIM industry is to produce submission by separating into model file and drawing file due to most of the BIM software have their limitation on file size, and it should refer to the software official recommendation. For example Revit is limited to 200Mb. Each submission should create a stand-alone drawing file. Also, it should be noted that BIM implementation is a process rather than a final product. It is a misconception that a 100% completed BIM model is required before producing any deliverable. ,

In the GBP Submission process, there is a certain requirement about the colour indication. In the Practice Notes for Authorized Persons (PNAP) ADM-9, it is mentioned that every plan submitted for approval should be coloured in order to clearly differentiate existing works from proposed new works and one part of any proposed new works from

other parts. For consistency in the use of colour, the preferred colours as shown in Appendix A should be adopted. For amendments to the approved works, the proposed amendments should be coloured so that they can be identified from the approved works.

Thus, the BIM model will be linked into the related Submission Drawing file. The materials can be shown in every view and plan. The RGB System in Appendix A is to provide a table of required colour on plan.

3.2.1 View Settings

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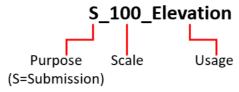
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By creating the *View Templates* in the BIM model, it would allow us to set different colour, line weight, view range, specific content to be shown or hidden on sheet, etc. to serve different drawing purposes such as Plan, Section, Elevation, EVA, GFA, UFA Diagram.

A systematic naming approach for View Templates will provide us an easy access to different views efficiently.

Naming System Sample



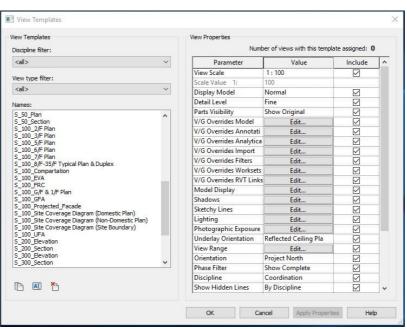


Figure 3-3. View setting and dialogue box

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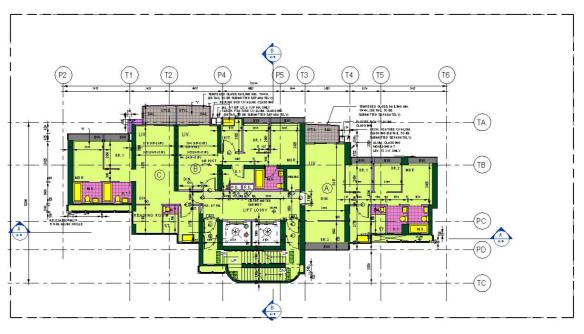


Figure 3-4. Typical plan view

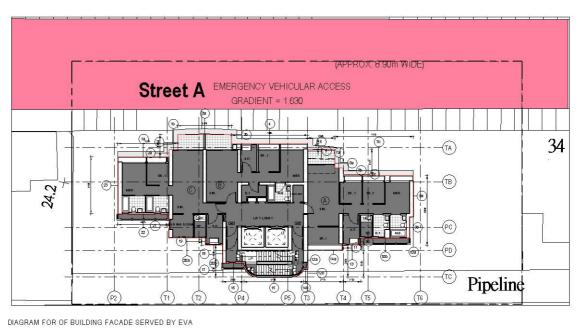


Figure 3-5. EVA plan view

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Figure 3-6. UFA Diagram view

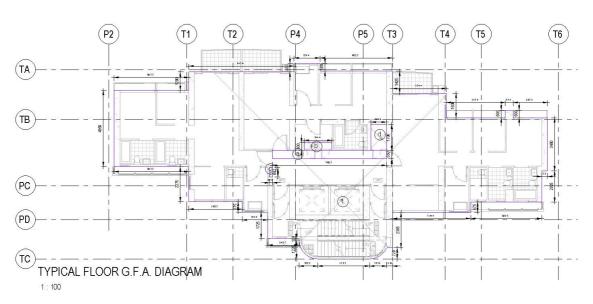


Figure 3-7. GFA Diagram view

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Sample Title Panel REVISIONS Revision Column INITIAL DATE AUTHORIZE Officers Concern CHECKED DRAWN + Site/Project Title DRAWING TITLE **Drawing Title** SCALE Scale Drawing Number (with revision) - Original Drawing No. (if any) SOURCE 4 Company Logo (if any) AP/RSE/RGE's BD's OFFICIAL USB signature/and stamp chop 90mm(W)x150mm(H) space for BD's approval stamp/ certification of copies of approved plans (PNAP ADM-10 App A)

* Information box shown in bold letter is compulsory for BD submission.

Figure 3-8. Sample Title Block from PNAP ADM-19. Information can also be extracted from model and presented as title block format

Appendix A (PNAP ADM-9)

Preferred Colours

Material / Description	Prefer Color	RGB Colour System ¹	Equivalent AutoCAD Colour Index ²
Hardcore or Dry Fill	Putty	204, 178, 102	43
Brick	Orange Red	255, 63, 0	20
Concrete Slab (Lighter Wash)	Witch Haze	223, 255, 127	61
Concrete (Plain or Reinforced)	British Racing Green	0, 76, 38	118
Solid Concrete Blocks	Electric Blue	127, 223, 255	141
Hollow Concrete Blocks	Purple	191, 127, 255	191
Lightweight Partition (e.g. Plasterboard)	Macaroni and Cheese	255, 191, 127	31
Plaster or Cement Rendering	Wild Willow	204, 204, 102	53
Impermeable / Non-absorbent Floor or Wall	Neon Pink	255, 127, 223	221
Glass	Electric Blue	127, 255, 255	131
Timber	Muesli	153, 133, 76	45
Metal Work or Steel	Heliotrope	223, 127, 255	201
Stone Finish	Dark Grey	173, 173, 173	253
Sanitary Fittings	Yellow	255, 255, 0	50

Colours are constructed from the combination of the red, green and blue colours.
 Plot screening setting should be 100 (i.e. full colour intensity).

Figure 3-9. PNAP ADM-9 requires preferred colouring for GBP which can be pre-set in View Setting

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3.3 Data Extraction

3.3.1 Creation of Area Diagrams in Drawing Sheet

Once area diagrams are ready, there will be one more step to further produce a proper submission drawing. The area diagrams should be gathered and drag into a drawing sheet accompanied with the results in **schedule** to indicate the room areas. A set of drawing can be named and reviewed according to the drawing numbers.

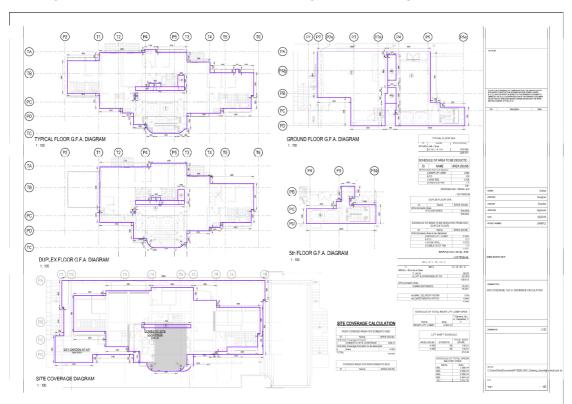


Figure 3-10. Typical area diagram drawing

3.4 Computational Logic for Calculations

In the General Building Plan submission, all calculations are fundamentally based on 2 elements:

- 1. Area
- 2. Classification of that area

For example the concerned areas are including:

- 1 Site Area
- 2 Gross Floor Area
- 3 Usable Floor Area
- 4 Site Coverage Area

Buildings Department's PNAP ADM-19 highlights the requirements of the areas as defined for the purpose of the calculations. It requires the outline of the area concerned, classification of the area, identification code of the area and dimensions.

Sample 5 Overview of a sample GFA diagram with calculations

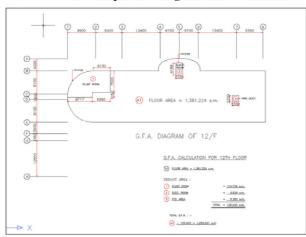


Figure 3-11. Example of Dimension Style in PNAP ADM-19 for area diagram

Code	Description	Remarks
ARC08240	Non-domestic area Layer	For outline of non-domestic GFA layer.
ARC08244	Non-domestic area to be deducted from area calculations	For non-domestic area to be deducted from the outline of non-domestic area layers under the Buildings Ordinance.
ARC08246	Non-domestic area to be deducted from area calculations	For non-domestic area to be deducted from the outline of non-domestic area layers under the Planning Department requirements.
ARC08250	Domestic area Layer	For outline of domestic GFA layer.
ARC08254	Domestic area to be deducted from area calculations	For domestic area to be deducted from the outline of domestic area layers under the Buildings Ordinance.

Figure 3-12. Example of Identification Code (CSWP convention) for area diagrams as required in PNAP ADM-19

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DWF/DWFX 2) True Dimensions | Super | Super

3.4.1 Fundamental Checking as per Current Practice Notes

Figure 3-13. 4 fundamental checking by BD for current electronic submission

The fundamental checking system in Buildings Department for CAD drawing submission can basically separate into 4 parts:

- 1. Checking the unit if it is in mm.
- 2. Checking the dimensions if they are true or manually insert figures.
- 3. Checking if all area layers are closed polyline.
- 4. Check if there are no overlapping of areas in authoring tools and to avoid repeatedly counting one area multiple times in the drawing files.

For BIM drawing submission:

- 1. The software data detection already pre-set the drawing unit in mm.
- 2. The dimension cannot be manually altered when the software detects the input figures is numeric.
- 3. In order to create an *Area Plan* or a *Room* to generate area in the software, the "*Area Plan*" must be a closed area boundary and the "*Room*" is already pre-set as a closed object.
- 4. The software would not allow the area plan overlap with each other in single view.

Therefore, we can avoid the checking procedure for the unit, true dimension, closed polyline and overlapping of areas.

Figure 3-14. Dimension cannot be manually altered when the software detects the input figures is numeric in Autodesk Revit

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3.4.2 Checking of Site Coverage and Plot Ratio

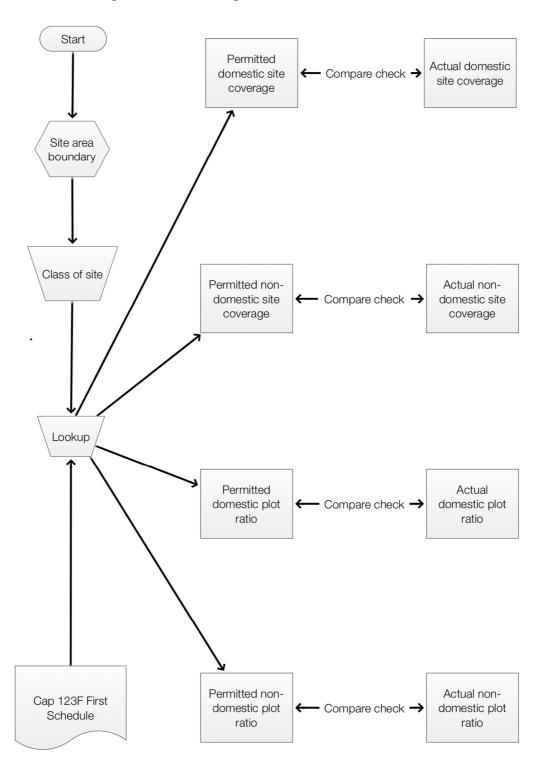


Figure 3-15. Flowchart for deriving relevant information for site coverage and plot ratio

Figure 3-16. Flowchart for deriving GFA of a typical building project (GFA concession list extracted from PNAP ADM-2)

Site Coverage and Plot Ratio Calculations

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Development Intensity is generally measured by building bulk, quantified as site coverage and plot ratio.

Site coverage means the area of the site that is covered by the building that is erected thereon and, when used in relation to a part of a composite building, means the area of the site on which the building is erected that is covered by that part of the building. (see Cap123F Regulation 2)

The plot ratio of a building shall be obtained by dividing the gross floor area of the building by the area of the site on which the building is erected. (see Cap123F regulation 21)

The permitted site coverage and plot ratio for a building to be erected on a site is determined according to the class of the site, which in turn depends on the number of streets not less than 4.5m wide that the site abuts. (see PNAP APP-124)

The derived permissible and actual provision should be presented, as a general practice, in form of a set of calculations, as below as an example:

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Figure 3-17. Example presentation format from PNAP ADV-33

The logic of deriving the information (i.e. requirement and related project information) for the following fields in the table is illustrated in the above flowchart, as described below:

Site Area (Accountable for P.R & S.C.)

- Demarcate the boundary for site area for the purpose of plot ratio and site coverage calculations.
- Extract the area from model.

Permissible Information

1. Class of Site

Insert Class "A", "B" or "C" as determined by AP

- 2. Permitted domestic site coverage (over 61m)
 - Use Class of Site to lookup Cap123F First Schedule
- 3. Permitted non-domestic site coverage (over 61m)
 - Use Class of Site to lookup Cap123F First Schedule
- 4. Permitted non-domestic plot ratio (BPR)
 - Use Class of Site to lookup Cap123F First Schedule
- 5. Permitted domestic lot ratio (BPR)
 - Use Class of Site to lookup Cap123F First Schedule
- 6. Permitted plot ratio (OZP)
 - Determined by AP, usually by looking up relevant statutory Outline Zoning Plan.

Actual Provision Information

1. Actual Domestic GFA (also applicable to actual non-domestic GFA)

- Derived from total domestic GFA outline area total domestic GFA concession area. Each has its own subset of calculations
 - Demarcate Domestic GFA outline by as "Zone" (as defined in BS 1192-4:2014), usually by floors.
 - Demarcate GFA concession areas as "Zone" by floors. GFA concession areas comprise of 4 types of areas, namely disregarded GFA, Amenity feature, JPN1 & JPN2. (GFA concession list extracted from PNAP ADM-2)
 - 4 types of GFA concession areas may exist as "Space" or "Zone" or "Floor", depending on their nature.

2. Actual Domestic Plot Ratio (also applicable to actual non-domestic plot ratio)

Derived from Actual domestic GFA divided by Site Area

3. Checking of overall Plot ratio not exceeded

• If the site contains domestic and non-domestic parts, then::

Actual domestic PR <= (permitted non-domestic PR – Actual non-domestic PR) x
permitted domestic PR / permitted non-domestic PR

4. Actual Site Coverage

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- Demarcate the boundary of site coverage outline and extract area.
- Derived from site coverage area divided by Site Area.

3.4.2.1 Example of Autodesk Revit Operation for Checking the Area of GFA

By means of creating a proper GFA diagram for calculation, there will be a few steps to be followed. First, we have to create two sets of *Area Plan*, one is for GFA Outline and the other is GFA Concession. Afterwards, underlay a half-toned floor plan to indicate the location of area to be created later to enhance the accuracy of area. The AP has to determine which part is the GFA Outline., which part of the floor is the GFA concession.

In each set of *Area Plan*, create outline of the area. Overlapping both accountable GFA. outline and GFA. concession area plan can indicate both areas on the same view.

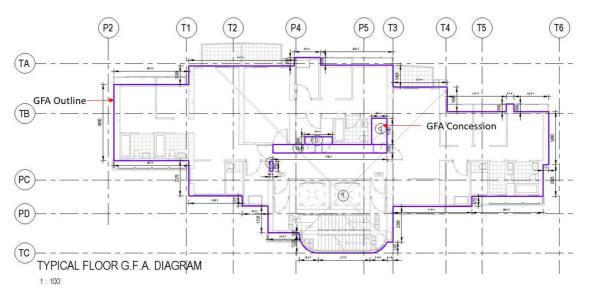


Figure 3-18. Area Plan – Overlap 2 Area Plans on same view

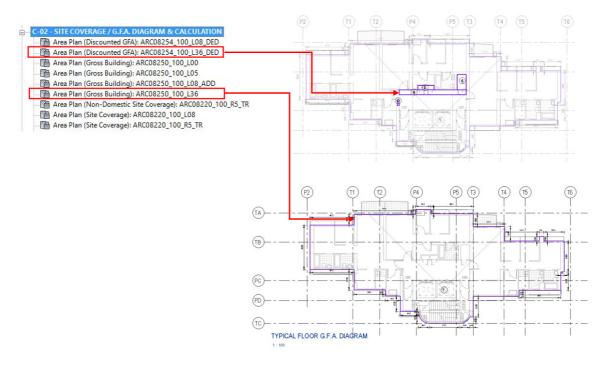


Figure 3-19. Area Outline with different CSWP convention identification code

3.4.3 Checking of Means of Escape

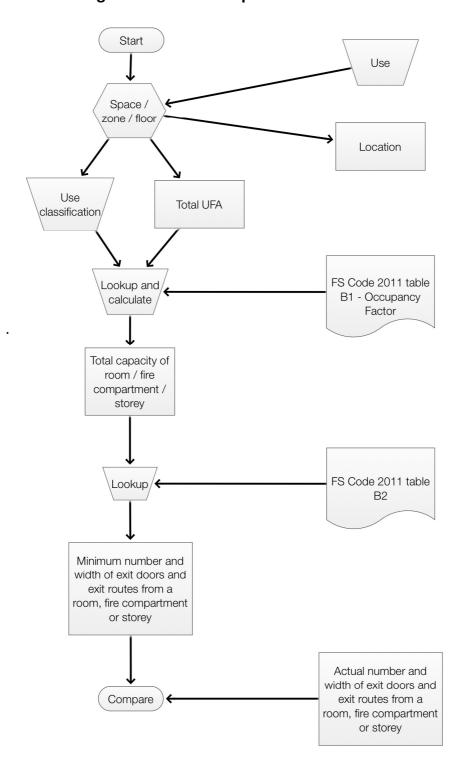


Figure 3-20. Flowchart for deriving relevant information for means of escape

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Provisions of Exit Doors & Exit Routes from Room, Fire Compartment or Storey

Every building, except those buildings permitted under Clause B6.1 to have only one required staircase, should be so constructed that there are available from each storey not less than 2 exit routes or such greater number as may be required by Table B2. The width of each exit route and the total width of all the exit routes should be not less than the width shown in Table B2 according to the occupant capacity and the number of exit routes provided. Provided that:

- (a) This requirement should apply to only one of the storeys of a maisonette; and
- (b) Where two or more exit routes (required by Table B2 to serve a storey) vary in width, any width of an exit route in such group in excess of 50% above the width of the narrowest exit route in such group should not be included in the calculation for the minimum total width of exit routes as required by column 4 of Table B2. (refer Code of Practice for Fire Safety in Buildings 2011, "FS Code 2011" in this section, Clause B8.1)

Table B2: Minimum number and width of exit doors and exit routes from a room, fire compartment or storey

Occupant Capacity of room, fire compartment or	Minimum No. of exit doors or exit routes	Minimum to mm)	tal width (in	Minimum Width (in mm) of each			
storey (No. of persons)		Exit doors	Exit routes	Exit door	Exit route		
4- 30	1	3		750	1050		
31-200	2	1750	2100	850	1050		
201-300	2	2500	2500	1050	1050		
301-500	2	3000	3000	1050	1050		
501-750	3	4500	4500	1200	1200		
751-1000	4	6000	6000	1200	1200		
1001-1250	5	7500	7500	1350	1350		
1251-1500	6	9000	9000	1350	1350		
1501-1750	7	10500	10500	1500	1500		
1751-2000	8	12000	12000	1500	1500		
2001-2500	10	15000	15000	1500	1500		
2501-3000	12	18000	18000	1500	1500		

Figure 3-21. FS Code 2011 Table B2

As a guide to assessing the requirements on means of escape, the following Table B1 should be used as the basis for calculating the occupant capacity of a building or part of a building.

(refer FS Code 2011 Clause B4.1)

Use Classification	Type of Accommodation	Occupancy Factor (usable floor area in m ² per person) or otherwise as	Use Classification	Type of Accommodation	Occupancy Factor (usable floor area in m² per person) or otherwise as specified			
40	Plate in the second sec	specified		Markets, supermarkets, showrooms, jewellery and goldsmith shops, pawn shops and money changers	2			
1b	Flats: - with corridor or balcony access having five	4.5		Café, restaurants, dining areas, lounges, bars and pubs	1			
	or more flats on each floor served by each staircase			Banking halls (areas accessible to the public)	0.5			
	- flats not covered by the above	9		Betting halls (areas accessible to the public) Places where public information or service	0.5			
1c	Tenement houses	3		counters are provided (areas accessible to the public)				
2	Boarding houses, hostels, hotels, motels,	Number of bedspaces	5a	Art galleries, exhibition areas, museums	2			Occupancy Factor
	guesthouses			Cinemas: Seating areas	Number of seats	Use Classification	Type of Accommodation	(usable floor area in m² per person) or otherwise as
	Dormitories	3		Foyer areas Dance floors	0.75			specified
3a	Day care centres, nurseries, child care centres	4		Sports Stadia	0.75	5c	Transport facilities like passenger terminals, railway stations, etc.	Based on actual design and layout
Sa	The second secon	100		standing	0.5	5d	Public halls, assembly halls, conference halls	,
	Hospitals (areas other than the patient care areas)	9		removable seating	0.5		removable seating	0.5
				fixed seating	Number of seats		fixed seating	Number of seats
	Patient care areas	Number of bedspaces		bench seating	450mm/person		Gymnasia	3
3b	Detention and Correctional Centres	Number of		Indoor sports facilities:			Swimming Pool	3
	300 00 12 12 12 15 10 000 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	bedspaces		Sports / activity areas	10		Columbaria	2
4a	Offices	9		standing	0.5		Viewing galleries	0.5
	- Board rooms, conference rooms, function	10		removable seating	0.5 Number of seats	6a	Commercial Laundries	10
	rooms	10		fixed seating	Number of seats 450mm/person		Commercial Laboratories	10
	- Staff rooms			bench seating Theatres:	45Umm/person		Factories / Workshops	4.5
	- Stail Toollis	9		Seating areas	Number of seats		Commercial Kitchens	4.5
4b	Retail shops / Department Stores			Fover areas	0.5	6b	Warehouses	30
	(including arcade and common areas)		5b	Libraries	2	6c	Storage, manufacturing of hazardous/ dangerous goods premises	30
	Basement, G/F, 1/F & 2/F	3		Reading rooms, study rooms	1	7	Carparks	30
	3 rd floor & above	4.5		Classrooms of school not covered by the Education Ordinance, lecture rooms	2 or number of seats	8	Plant rooms, switch rooms, transformer rooms, etc.	30

Figure 3-22. FS Code 2011 Table B1

The derived required provision should be presented, as a general practice, in form of the table, as below as an example:

PROVIS	SIONS OF EX	IT DOORS &	EXIT R	OUTES F	ROM RO	OM,FIR	Е СОМЕ	ARTME	VT OR	STOREY		
		CAPACITY OF ROOM	MIN. NO. OF EXIT			MIN. TOTAL W	DTH OF (mm)		MIN. WIDTH OF EACH (mm)			
LOCATION	USE	OR STOREY (PERSON)	ROOM) OR EXIT R	DUTE (FROM STOREY)	ЕХПІ	000RS	EXIT ROUTES		EXIT DOOR		EXIT ROUTE	
			REQUIRED	PROVIDED	REQUIRED	PROMDED	REQUIRED	PROVIDED	REQUIRED	PROVIDED	REQUIRED	PROVIDED
												J

The logic of deriving the information (i.e. requirement and related project information) for the fields in the table is illustrated in the above flowchart, as described below:

1. Location:

- Demarcate the relevant proposed rooms, fire compartment or storeys as "Space", "Zone" or "Floor" respectively (as defined in BS 1192-4:2014) and use common names as identification names for easy identification.
- Insert "Space" / "Floor" location into the field.

2. Use:

• Insert "Space" / "Zone" / "Floor" identification name.

3. Use Classification:

• Classify each "Space" / "Zone" / "Floor" according to FS Code 2011 Table B1.

4. Total Usable Floor Area (m2)

Extract floor area of concerned "Space" / "Zone" / "Floor".

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- 5. Occupancy Factor (usable floor area in m2 per person)
 - Derive by looking up FS code 2011 Table B1 for respective use classifications.
- 6. Total Capacity of Room, fire compartment or Storey
 - Total Usable Floor Area x Occupancy Factor.
- 7. Minimum number and width of exit doors and exit routes from a room, fire compartment or storey
 - Derive using Total capacity of Room or storey by looking up FS Code 2011 Table B2.

3.4.3.1 Example of Autodesk Revit Operation for Checking the Area of UFA

An example will be illustrated the workflow of UFA calculation process. By using the **Room** tool to find out the room area. Then classify the use of the area and check the relevant Code of Practice.

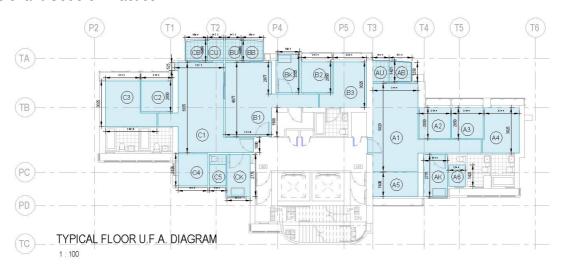


Figure 3-23. Automatic demarcation of room area by using Room tool

3.4.4 Checking of Sanitary Fitment Provision

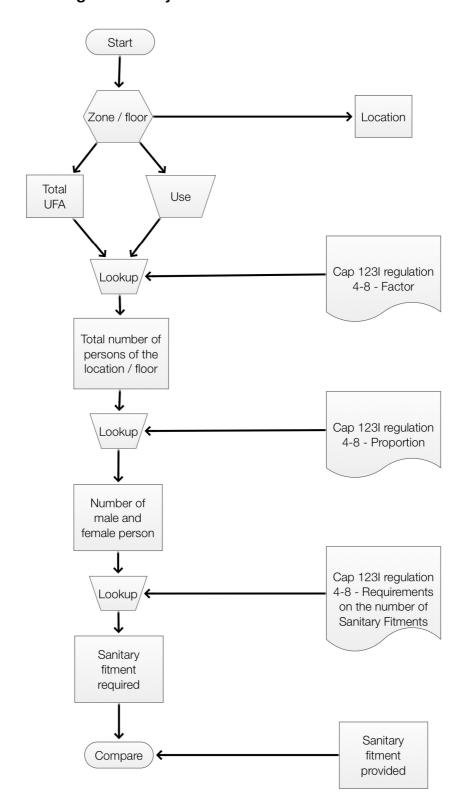


Figure 3-24. Flowchart for deriving relevant information for provision of sanitary fitment

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The Building (Standards of Sanitary Fitments, Plumbing, Drainage Works and Latrines) Regulations ("the Regulations" in this section) stipulate the drainage requirements for private buildings in Hong Kong. Such requirements, inter alia, include the provisions of sanitary fitments for various types of premises.

The derived required provision should be presented, as a general practice, in form of the table, as below as an example:

		TOTAL (1040) 5 51	FACTOR REPRESENTING	TOTAL CAPACITY	ER FLOOR PERSON AND		SANITARY FITMENT REQUIRED			SANITARY FI	SANITARY FITMENT PROVIDED (*INCLUDE DISABLED LAV.)				
LOCATION OF FLOOR	USE	TOTAL USABLE FL. AREA (m²)	m ² OF USABLE FL. AREA PER PERSON	PER FLOOR (PROPORTION)			FEMALE PERSON		w.c.	BATH/SHOWER BIDET	URINAL	BASIN OR WATER POINT	w.c.	BATH/SHOWER BIDET	URINAL

The logic of deriving the information (i.e. requirement and related project information) for the following fields in the table is illustrated in the above flowchart, as described below:

1. Location or Floor:

- Identify and demarcate the location or floor as "zone" or "floor" (as defined in BS 1192-4:2014) respectively for the purpose of this calculation.
- Insert the location into the field.

2. Use:

- To classify the location or floor ("zone" or "floor") into different uses for that part of building, according to Regulations 4-8, which are:
 - Residential Buildings
 - Workplaces
 - Places of public entertainment
 - o Sports stadia
 - Cinemas
 - Shopping arcade and department stores
 - Religious institutions
 - Funeral parlours
 - o Restaurants

3. Total Usable Floor Area:

Extract and insert floor area of concerned "Zone" or "Floor".

4. Factor representing m2 of usable floor area per person

• Obtain the factor by looking up respective Regulations 4-8.

5. Total number or person of the location or floor

Equals total usable floor area divided by factor.

6. Number of male person and female person

• To determine the number of male persons and female persons for that part of building according to the "proportion" as stated in the respective Regulations 4-8.

7. Sanitary fitment required

- To calculate the required number of provisions for sanitary fitments according the rate stated in the respective Regulations 4-8 for male and female. These sanitary fitments include:
 - Watercloset fitments
 - o Urinals
 - Lavatory basins
 - Baths or showers

8. Sanitary Fitment provided

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Obtain the total number of sanitary fitments of the concerned "zone" or "floor".

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3.4.5 Checking of Fire Compartment and Fire Resisting Construction

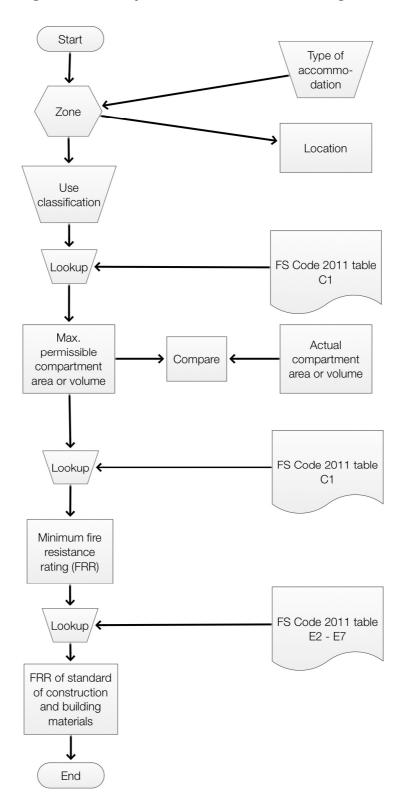


Figure 3-25. Flowchart for deriving relevant information for fire compartmentation and fire resisting construction

<u>Fire compartmentation and Fire Resistance requirement for Elements of Construction</u>

Every building should be divided into fire compartments by fire barriers without exceeding the fire compartment area/volume specified in Table C1 (Code of Practice for Fire Safety in Buildings 2011, "FS Code 2011" in this section) in order to inhibit the spread of fire. (FS Code 2011 Clause C3.1)

Every element of construction within each fire compartment and every fire barrier of each fire compartment should have an FRR of not less than that as specified in Table C1. (FS Code 2011 Clause C4.1)

FS Code 2011 Table C1 is extracted here for easy reference:

Table C1 - Fire Resistance Rating and Fire Compartment Limitations

Use Classification	Compartment Area/ Volume	Fire Resistance Rating (minutes)
Residential	Not limited	60
2. Hotel and similar Transient Accommodation	Not limited	60
3. Institutional	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60
4. Commercial:		
4a. Business Facilities	Not exceeding 10,500m ²	60
4b. Mercantile Facilities	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60
	Exceeding 2,500m ² but not exceeding 10,500m ²	120
5. Assembly:		
5a & 5d. PPE & Other assembly premises	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60
premises	Exceeding 2,500m ² but not exceeding 10,500m ²	120
5b.Educational establishments	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60
establistifferits	Exceeding 2,500m ² but not exceeding 10,500m ²	120
5c. Transport facilities	Not exceeding 10,500m ²	120
6. Industrial:		
6a. Industrial workplaces	Not exceeding 10,500m ²	120
6b. Bulk storage, Warehouses	Not exceeding 28,000m ³ and 10,500m ²	120
6c. Storage, manufacturing of hazardous/dangerous goods premises	Not exceeding 7,000m ³	120
7. Carparks	Not exceeding 10,500m ²	60

Figure 3-26. FS Code 2011 Table C1

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The derived required provision should be presented, as a general practice, in form of the table, as below as an example:

LOCATION		USE	COMPARTMENT OF BUILDING		FIRE RESISTANCE RATING(minutes) FOR ELEMENTS OF CONSTRUCTION		MINIMUM DINENSION OF ELEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION						
OCATION	TYPE OF ACCOMMODATION	CLASSIFICATION	FLOOR AREA (m ²)	VOLUME (m ³)	R.C. SLAB/ CORE WALL	R.C. BEAM/ COLUMN	R.C., FLOORS & THICKNESS OF CONCRETE	CONCRETE COVER TO RENFORCEMENT	R.C. E	CONCRETE COMER TO MAIN REINFORCEMENT	R.C. COLUMN 8	CONCRETE CONE MAIN RENFORCE	
-					CONE WALL	COLUMN	CONCRETE	TO NUMERICAL CARDA		MAIN RESPONDED	SEE	NAME AND ADDRESS OF	

The logic of deriving the information (i.e. requirement and related project information) for the following fields in the table is illustrated in the above flowchart, as described below:

1. Location:

- Demarcate the proposed fire compartmentation into "Zones" (as defined in BS 1192-4:2014) and use common names as identification names for easy identification.
- Insert "Zone" location into the field.

2. Type of Accommodation:

• Insert "Zone" identification name.

3. Use Classification:

Classify each "Zone" according to FS Code 2011 Table C1.

4. Maximum permissible Compartment of (part of) building by floor area or volume

• Derive by looking up FS code 2011 Table C1 for respective use classifications.

5. Actual compartment of (part of) building by floor area or volume

• Extract floor area or volume of each "zone" and compare against the maximum permissible compartment of (part of) building by floor area or volume.

6. Minimum Fire Resistance Rating (FRR)

Derive by looking up FS code 2011 Table C1 for respective use classifications.

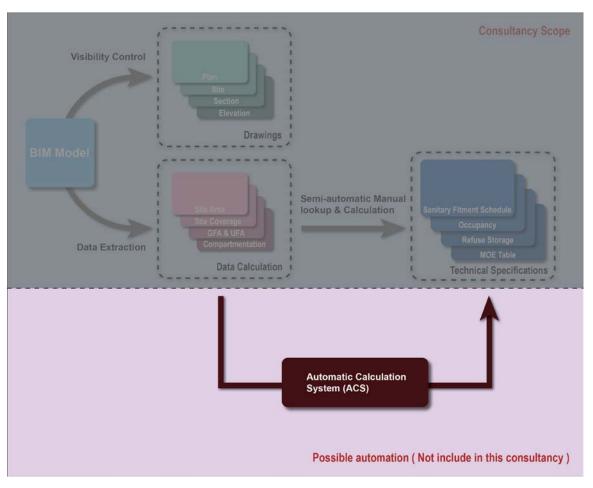
7. The FRR of the standard of construction and building materials

- derive by looking up the following tables of FS code 2011:
- a. Table E2 on Walls Constructed Wholly of Non-combustible Materials.
- b. Table E3 on Walls not Constructed Wholly of Non-combustible Materials Table E4 on Floors and Landings.
- c. Table E5 on Steel Columns and Beams.
- d. Table E6 on Reinforced Concrete Columns and Beams.
- e. Table E7 on Stairs.

3.5 Semi-Automatic vs. Automatic Calculations

Whereas the semi-automatic process involves the summation of concerned *area plan*, due to limited data manipulation functionality in the most commonly used BIM authoring tools, the look up tables process is still commonly done outside the authoring tools, usually manually

Automatic calculations refer to a script or plug-in which will automatically refer to the statutory tables and perform the calculation, returns with a result and fill in the requirement schedule. This is, however, belongs to another phase of the Consultancy Study which will not be covered here.



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Figure 3-27. Possible automation for GBP workflow and components

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4 Proposed additional Requirements for Electronic Submission for Mathematical Calculation of Areas by BIM Platforms (based on PNAP ADM-19 Appendix F)

It is realised that BIM authoring software is much more sophisticated than CAD software. BIM authoring software generally require higher hardware and software costs, much more upfront training of staff on the BIM concept and actual operation knowledge. The process could take consideration time and effort, which would delay and hinder the adoption schedule. Therefore, we propose a two stage adoption of BIM submission on the approver side.

4.1 Stage 1: Model viewing only

For model and drawing viewing purpose, such as identifying areas alignments and 3D geometry viewing, approver may accept BIM model to be exported to their native viewer format. For example, BIM model drawn using

Autodesk Revit may be exported to .DWFx format, which can be viewed on free Autodesk Design Review;

Graphisoft ArchiCAD can be exported to .BIMx format, which can be viewed on free BIMx App on Android's or iOS devices.

BIM viewers are usually light weight, user friendly and have much shallower learning curve. The training time and effort should be much smaller and approvers can pick up and adopt within a short period of time.

This stage is about passive application of BIM models. This stage should act as a grace period for approvers and industry to cultivate BIM submission workflow.

4.2 Stage 2: Model information extraction

In this stage, native BIM format should be accepted.

There are two targets to be achieved:

1. Reduce the industry efforts needed for BIM submissions.

According to Singapore BCA's experience as stated in their latest circular letter ref.

APPBCA-2016-10 dated 19 October 2016, their local industry feedback "about the extra efforts required to reinstate annotations that are lost during the compression of the Native BIM file to lightweight file format." BCA addressed this feedback by "accept voluntary BIM e- submissions in Native BIM format."

(refer: https://www.corenet.gov.sg/media/2032998/circular-on-bim-e-submission-for-plan-submission-to-bca.pdf)

2. This stage is about active application of BIM models.

It is known that an adequately prepared BIM models contain tons of information about the concerned building developments. Some of this information are public infrastructure related. Such information should be systematically incorporated into government's current system such as Lands Department mapping system and made easily accessible to government departments and public.

Buildings department or Lands Department, being the frontline departments in handling private developments, could be a window to accept BIM native model, request specific set of information organised in a specific data structure, for further incorporating into government's system.

4.3 Proposed Appendix

The following is a proposed additional appendix to current PNAP ADM-19 for stage 1 BIM adoption for accepting electronic submission of area calculations prepared by BIM software. The entire proposal is based on current appendix F of same PNAP with proposed modification underlined and marked in red.

Proposal:

The purpose of this supplementary note is to advise on the electronic format and the pre-requisites for checking of area calculations in BIM drawing files electronically.

- 2. When the requirements set out in the following paragraphs are complied with and clearly shown in the submitted <u>BIM</u> drawing files, diagrammatic breakdowns and details on calculation of the gross floor area, usable floor area, site coverage, plot ratio, refuge floor area and green feature area etc. would not be required to be included in plan submission. For avoidance of doubt, annotation and dimension of the areas concerned are required to be indicated on plans for checking purpose. Samples of the dimensioned plans are in Annex 1 for reference.
- 3. For area calculations computed electronically, soft copies of the building floor plans containing the area diagram layer(s) / "CSWP Convention" parameter are required to facilitate verification of the calculations. For approval purpose, hard copies of the general building plans showing floor area layouts, area diagrams and calculations without breakdowns are required. Information shown in both the soft and hard copies of the plans submitted for approval must be identical to each other. Plans may be rejected if discrepancy between the two is found. The AP should certify on each of the DVD-ROM discs with a permanent marker signifying that information in the electronic drawing files are identical to the submitted hard copies and that all files are prepared under his supervision. The disc should be finalised before submission, i.e. the contents of the disc cannot be further changed. His signature shall be deemed to be his assumption of responsibility for the electronic plans and the calculations.
- 4. The following minimum requirements in <u>BIM</u> drawing format should be observed and provided for in the area calculations computed electronically. Plans may be rejected on grounds of insufficient information if these requirements are not complied with.

4.1 Format and Software Version

- (a) The submitted <u>BIM</u> drawing files should be stored in non-rewritable DVD-ROM discs. Except otherwise agreed by the Building Authority all other electronic submission formats are not acceptable.
- (b) <u>BIM files should be exported to lightweight ".dwf" or ".dwfx" viewer format</u> All other compressed or zipped file formats are not acceptable.
- (c) Title blocks completed with drawing number showing revision legends, site/project title, drawing title etc. should be inserted in every drawing for identification

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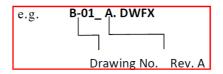
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purpose. Each <u>BIM</u> lightweight file shall contain all hard copy drawing. Typical title block sample is attached in Annex 2 for reference.

4.2 Referencing System

File Name/Drawing Number Convention

- (a) Each file shall <u>either</u> contain <u>full set of drawings or</u> one drawing only, default zoomed to full drawing extent.
- (b) All information for approval shall be contained in the same drawing file. The need to cross-reference or hyper-link with another <u>BIM</u> file to enable verification of the area calculations in the DVD-ROM is not acceptable except in situation covered in (c) below.
- (c) In situation where the layering number, "CSWP Convention" parameter number and the system are limited due to software constraint, limited referencing system might be used provided that all information and BIM model files which compose the final drawings are clearly visible and intact when files are open in the computer. A clear and systematic path trial in hard copy format highlighting the list of file(s) for area checking purpose should be provided to facilitate the verification exercise. All drawing files and model files are to put into the same folder to ensure coherent path recognition. Cross-referencing and hyper-linking within folder should be kept to the minimum.
- (d) Naming and numbering of drawing files in the hard copy should be identical to those in the submitted soft copy.
- (e) A completed hard and soft copy of the drawing index listing all file names, drawing numbers with brief description on location and contents of the submitted drawings shall be provided. Drawings under different revision must carry a revision letter (e.g. A to Z) for identification purpose. For large and complicated project involving numerous drawing versions/amendments, a revision legend should also be provided as well.



Layering / Area Plan Organization

- (a) <u>BIM</u> drawings files including floor plans, tables and calculations etc. shall contain all information identical to the hard copy. Each file shall accommodate different elements such as floor layout plans, usable floor area, gross floor area and dimension etc. into the relevant layers. The "layering" drafting technique isolates elements of a drawing and places them into separate layers for easy reference and manipulation. In BIM software without layer function, (e.g. Revit), "<u>area plan / room</u>" tools should be used for further "*visibility control*" for isolation and easy reference and manipulation.
- (b) To facilitate checking of the area calculations, general building plans shall contain GFA and other areas diagram layers or area boundary diagram for verification and calculations. To reconcile the requirements of other government departs and to adopt the rules under BIM Standards for Works Projects (CSWP) of Environment, Transport and Works Bureau, AP shall name the relevant layers or custom created

<u>"CSWP Convention" parameter</u> for each area boundary for BIM software without layer function, (e.g. Revit) in a format specified below:

Layer / "CSWP Convention" parameter Name Convention

<u>Diagram A: Rules of Layer / "CSWP Convention" Parameter Name Convention of CSWP (abstracted)</u>

ARC	082 4	0
		Field 3 - Addition/Deduction Type Field 2 - Building Plan Area Type (Sub-class) Field 2 - CSWP Element Code assigned for Building Plan Area Calculation (Class) Field 1 - Agent Responsible Code (ARC) e.g. ADA

Fie	eld	Description	Length/Type	Coding
1	l	Agent Responsible Code	3 (alphanumeric)	See www.etwb.gov.hk/cswp
2	2	CSWP Element Code	3 (numeric)	a) 082 for BD's area
		assigned for Building Plan		calculation,
		Area Calculation (Class)		b) 086 for LandsD's area
				calculation
		Building Plan Area Type	1 (numeric)	See Diagram B
		(Sub-class)		
3	3	Addition/Deduction Type	1 (alphanumeric)	See Diagram C

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Diagram B

Code	Building Plan Area Type							
1	Site Coverage (SC) – Non-domestic							
2	Site Coverage (SC) –Domestic							
4	Gross Floor Area (GFA) –							
	Non-domestic							
5	Gross Floor Area (GFA) – Domestic							
9	Usable Floor Area (UFA)							
0	Open Space (OS)							
7,000.00	Elements common to all area type							

Diagram C

Code	Addition/Deduction Type	Remarks
0	Base Area	
4	Deduction Area	For area to be deducted from the outline of area layers / "CSWP Convention" Parameter under the Buildings Ordinance.
5	Deduction Area	For area to be deducted from the outline of area layers / "CSWP Convention" Parameter under the Lands Department requirement.
6	Deduction Area	For area to be deducted from the outline of area layers / "CSWP Convention" Parameter under the Planning Department requirement.
8	Dimension	

Diagram D: Layer / "CSWP Convention" Parameter Names generated from the above rules for this PNAP

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Code	Description	Remarks
ARC08240	Non-domestic area	For outline of non-domestic GFA layer / "CSWP Convention" Parameter.
ARC08244	Non-domestic area to be deducted from area calculations	For non-domestic area to be deducted from the outline of non-domestic area layers / "CSWP Convention" Parameter under the Buildings Ordinance.
ARC08246	Non-domestic area to be deducted from area calculations	For non-domestic area to be deducted from the outline of non-domestic area layers / "CSWP Convention" Parameter under the Planning Department requirements.
ARC08250	Domestic <u>area</u>	For outline of domestic GFA layer / "CSWP Convention" Parameter.
ARC08254	Domestic area to be deducted from area calculations	For domestic area to be deducted from the outline of domestic area layer / "CSWP Convention" Paramater under the Buildings Ordinance.

- (c) The Layer / "CSWP Convention" Parameter names required by LandsD are not listed in this PNAP and AP should make reference to the Practice Note issued by LandsD. AP should also refer to CSWP of Environment, Transport and Works Bureau (atwww.etwb.gov.hk/cswp) for other layer name convention.
- (d) Layer / "CSWP Convention" Parameter file organization of the file(s) in hard copy format shall be submitted. If more layer / "CSWP Convention" Parameter description is required in the submitted general building plans, AP could lengthen the above list with additional input along similarly constructed methodology. All layering / "CSWP Convention" Parameter organizations must be clearly shown.

(e) <u>BIM</u> file for the floor plan shall contain all elements and information that have to be shown on the drawings to facilitate approval, including, inter alia, the area and the dimension layers. Elements such as lighting, electric appliances and the like where approval from the Building Authority is not required should not be shown in the submitted drawings.

4.4 Presentation Style

Drawing Scale

(a) <u>BIM</u> drawings should be drawn in true size with precision rounded up to the nearest mm unit.

Drawing Object within area diagram

(b) The position of the drawing shall be close to <u>project base point</u>, <u>survey point</u> <u>0.0</u> and drawing objects in area diagram shall not be grouped or blocked.

Area boundary (Area Boundaries in "Area Plans / Room" for Revit, "Zone" for Archicad"

(c) All area boundaries for BIM drawings intended for area calculation shall be closed

Dimension

(d) All dimensions should be true dimensions generated automatically by the software and laid in the specified layers / "category" (in Revit). Text figures or figures manually inserted, amended or constructed for calculation purpose in the BIM file is not acceptable.

Decimal places of areas and volumes

(e) All areas and volumes should be presented in m² and m³ units respectively and rounded up to 3 decimal places.

Suggested Text Font

(f) Text style is not compulsory. Conventional text fonts are suggested. Common type such as "Arial Narrow" font in 2.5mm size is recommended for use in the text.

Review

5. These guidelines will be refined taking into the experience gained. Suggestions to facilitate and/or to improve the electronic vetting procedures are always welcomed.

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Common BIM Platform and Viewer

There are many viewers to view the dwf / dwfx file provided by Autodesk:

	dwf	dwfx
Autodesk Design Review	✓	✓
Autodesk DWF Viewer	✓	×
Autodesk Navisworks Freedom	✓	✓

Sample of CSWP Naming Convention in BIM model (Screen capture from Autodesk Design Review)

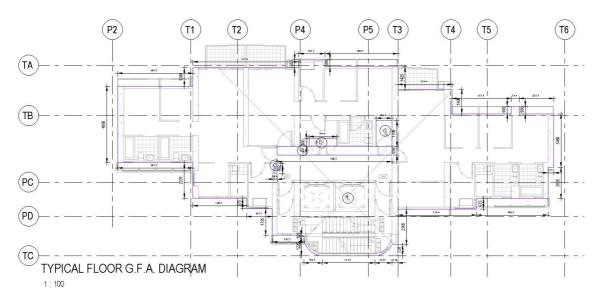
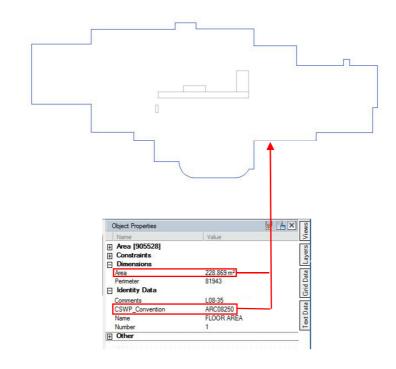


Figure 4-1. Typical Floor G.F.A. Diagram



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Figure 4-2. Sample of CSWP Naming Convention in DWFX File

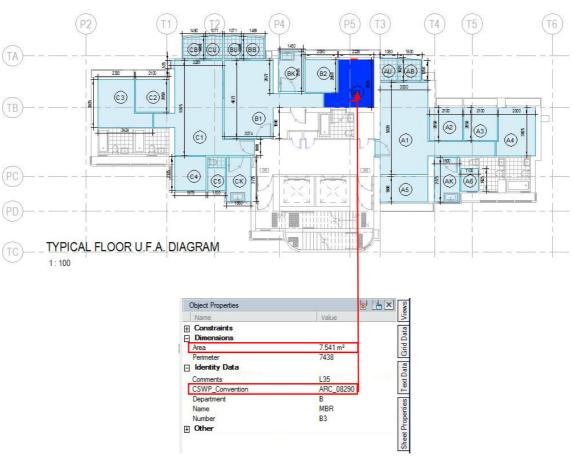
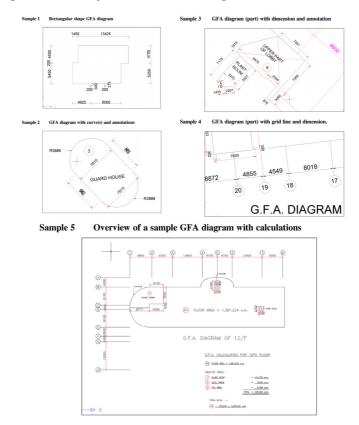
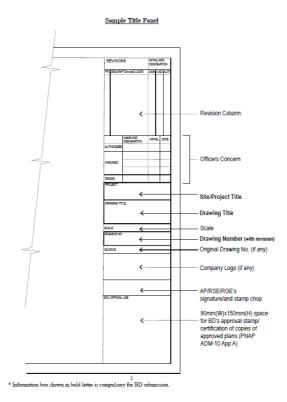


Figure 4-3. Sample of CSWP Naming Convention in DWFX



Annex 1. Example of Dimension Style in PNAP ADM-19 for area diagram



Annex 2. Sample Title Block from PNAP ADM-19. Information can also be extracted from model and presented as title block format

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5 Stakeholders Engagement Forum

Meetings with concerned parties were held in the following meetings

- Stakeholder meeting No.1 (7/12/2016 at Housing Authority conference room)
- 2 Building Department Workshop No.1 (16/8/2016 at A.C.I.D. office)
- 3 HKIBIM Board Meeting (6/9/2016 at VTC office)
- 4 Housing Department ICU Meeting (12/9/2016 at HKHA ICU conference room)
- 5 Building Department Workshop No.2 (19/9/2016 at B.D. conference room)
- 6 Stakeholder meeting No.2 (3/10/2016 at Housing Authority conference room)
- 7 HKIA BIM & IT Committee Meeting (4/10/2016 at HKIA Premises)
- 8 Lands Department meeting (20/10/2016 at Lands Department conference room)

5.1 Opinions and Feedbacks from stakeholders

The following items have been discussed among different stakeholders:

- Stakeholders suggested that templates based on the standard proposed in the report should be created and distributed for benefit of local building industry.
- 2 The contents of this report could not replace professional judgement.
- 3 Stakeholders were concerned on the software platforms and versions.
- The formats of GBP presentation are flexible and vary among practices. The report should only describe the logic of deriving relevant information using BIM softwares. For example: BIM is using schedule format to show the calculation other than in formula format.
- Increase of efficiency of plan preparation by APs and plan checking efficiency by government departments could be important incentive for adopting BIM for submission purpose.
- The report should be further extended to include other information, such as car park calculations, to be submitted to other relevant departments.
- 7 BIM models contain a lot more data other than GBP related information, and it was suggested that more studies should be conducted for incorporating them into other government databases.

6 Statutory Submission Drawings

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To improve the efficiency of plan processing and enhance the quality of plan submission, the Buildings Department (BD) reviews the plan approval process regularly and has implemented various measures, such as curtailed check system, pre-submission enquiry and conference services, streamlined procedures, fast track processing, etc. The general principles and details of such measures are given in the PNAP ADM-19. The PNAP ADV-33 sets out general guidance to facilitate the Authorized Persons (AP), Registered Structural Engineers (RSE) and Registered Geotechnical Engineers (RGE) in the preparation of plan submissions for various types of building works.

In this section, we are going to demonstrate the comparisons of the graphics and formats between PNAP ADV-33 and BIM drawings.

6.1 Comparisons of B.D. PNAP ADV-33 versus BIM Drawings

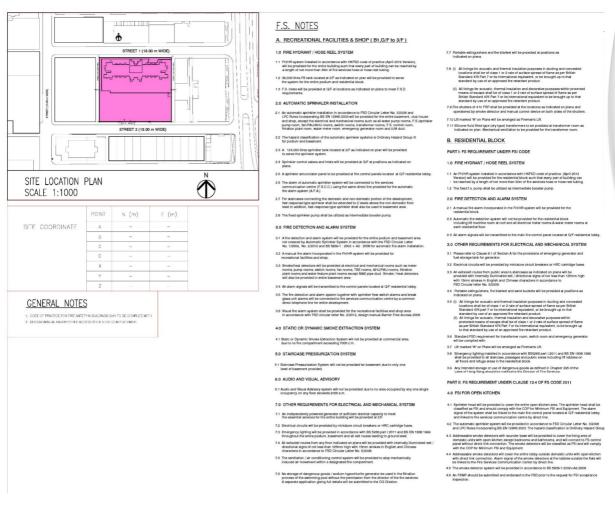


Figure 6-1. Site Location Plan and Notes extracted from PNAP ADV-33

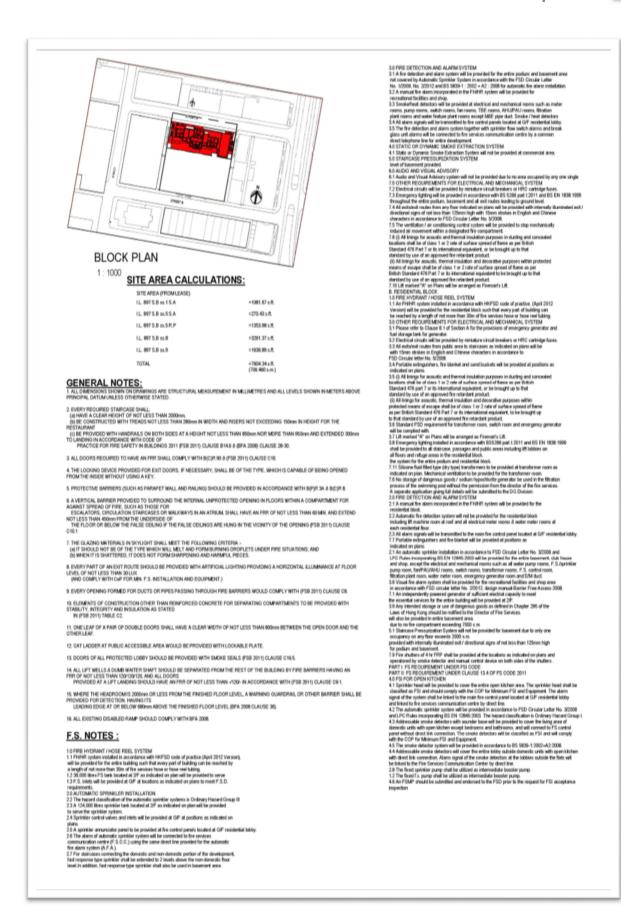


Figure 6-2. Site Location Plan and Notes produced by BIM approach



Figure 6-3. Legends, Drawing List and Notes extracted from PNAP ADV-33

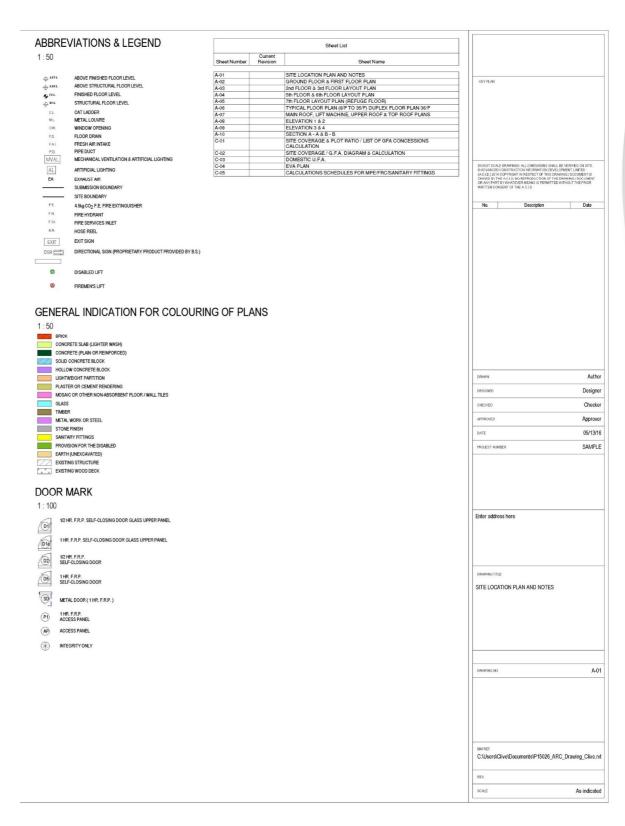


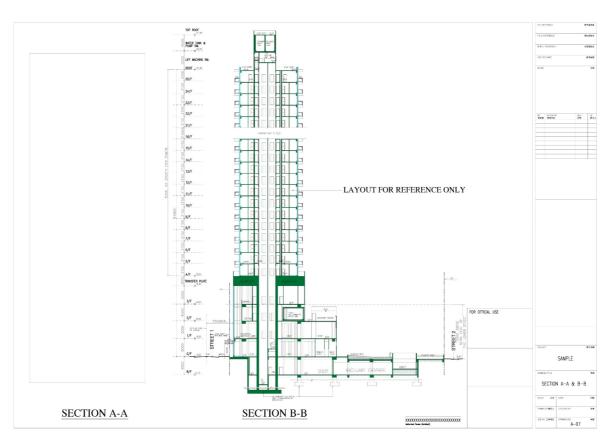
Figure 6-4. Legends, Drawing List and Notes produced by BIM approach

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Figure 6-5. Typical Plan extracted from PNAP ADV-33



Figure 6-6. Typical Plan produced by BIM approach



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Figure 6-7. Section extracted from PNAP ADV-33

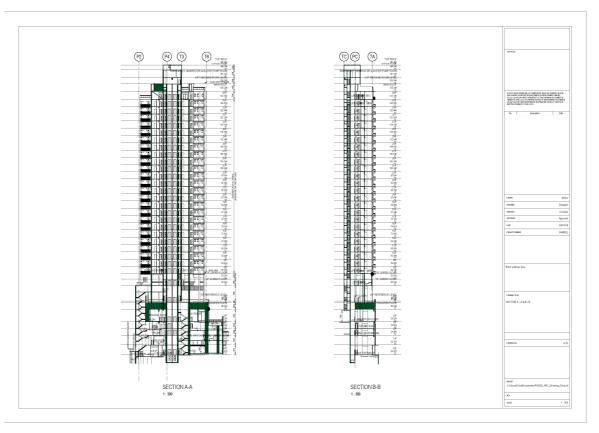


Figure 6-8. Sections produced by BIM approach

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Figure 6-9. Elevation extracted from PNAP ADV-33



Figure 6-10. Elevations produced by BIM approach



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Figure 6-11. List of GFA Concession extracted from PNAP ADV-33

AREA OF GFA CONCESSIONS	
Name	AREA (SQ.M)
TBE ROOM	23.455 m²
POTABLE & FLUSHING WATER TANK TRANSFER PUMP ROOM	37.307 m²
ELECTRICAL ROOM	9.720 m²
MAIN SWITCH ROOM	20.494 m²
TRANSFORMER ROOM	25.753 m²
TRANSFORMER ROOM	22.446 m²
SPRINKLER PUMP RM.	27.943 m²
ELECTRICAL ROOM	3.950 m²
FILTRATION PLANT ROOM	49.183 m²
CLEANSING WATER PUMP RM	19.853 m²
WATER METER RM.	3.500 m²
ELECT. RM.	2.849 m²
ELEC. RM.	1.457 m²
EMERGENCY GENERATOR ROOM	25.980 m²
NON-ESSENTIAL GENEARATOR RM.	16.745 m²
LOADING/ UNLOADING	24.500 m²
METER ROOM	2.821 m²
REFUSE STORAGE MATERIAL RECOVERY CHAMBER	13.517 m²
METER ROOM	2.010 m²
TOTAL	333.284 m²

Figure 6-12. List of GFA Concession produced by BIM approach

SITE COVERAGE & PLOT RATIO CALCULA: (A) GENERAL:-	TION	(M) OPEN SPACE PROVISION:-
SITE AREA (ACCOUNTABLE FOR P.R. & S.C.)	=	
CLASS OF SITE	=	į į
HEIGHT OF BUILDING	=	
PERMITTED DOMESTIC SITE COVERAGE (OVER 61 m)	=	L
PROPOSED DOMESTIC SITE COVERAGE (OVER 61 m)	=	
PERMITTED NON-DOMESTIC SITE COVERAGE (UNDER 15m)	-	BALCONY AREA CALCULATION
PERMITTED NON-DOMESTIC SITE COVERAGE (OVER 61m)	=	
PROPOSED NON-DOMESTIC SITE COVERAGE (OVER 61m) PERMITTED NON-DOMESTIC PLOT RATIO (BPR)	-	
PERMITTED DOMESTIC PLOT RATIO (BPR)	_	
PERMITTED PLOT RATIO (OZP)	=	Į į
PROPOSED NO. OF UNITS	=	
PROPOSED DOMESTIC G.F.A.	=	į į
PROPOSED NON-DOMESTIC G.F.A.	-	
(B) DOMESTIC G.F.A. CALCULATION:-		
5/F To 25/F	=	
4/F	=	
3/F	=	
1/F	-	UTILITY PLATFORM AREA CALCULATION
G/F TOTA	=	[
(C) ACTUAL TOTAL G.F.A. CALCULATION F	FOR DOMESTIC:-	
(E) NON-DOMESTIC G.F.A. CALCULATION:	<u> </u>	
2/F	-	
1/F G/F	-	LIFT SHAFT AREA DIAGRAM
B/F	=	
	AL =	
(F) ACTUAL PLOT RATIO FOR NON-DOMES	5110	
i		
(G) ACTUAL TOTAL PLOT RATIO:-		EXEMPTED AREA CALCULATION FOR LIFT SHAFT
L		
(H) DOMESTIC SITE COVERAGE CALCULA (LARGEST FL.):-	TION	
(J) NON-DOMESTIC SITE COVERAGE CALC	CULATION:-	Ĺj
		AREA DIAGRAM FOR REFUSE CHAMBER
		AREA CALCULATION FOR REFUSE CHAMBER
L		
(K) RECREATIONAL FACILITIES AREA CAL	CULATION:-	
(L) REFUSE CHAMBER AREA CALCULATIO	<u>N:-</u>	
L		

Figure 6-13. Calculations extracted from PNAP ADV-33

 Number
 Name
 Area

 AB
 BAL.
 1.996 m²
 < 2.000 s.m</td>

 MREEN BALCONY AREA CALCULATION (UNIT B)

 Number
 Name
 Area

 BB
 BAL.
 1.997 m²

 < 2,000 s.m</td>

3

4

5

6

Figure 6-14. Calculations produced by BIM approach

1 : 100

(R)

REFUSE AREA DIAGRAM

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Figure 6-15. GFA Diagram & Calculation extracted from PNAP ADV-33

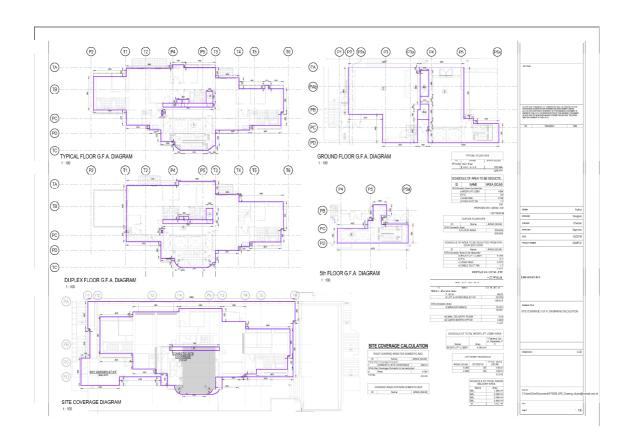
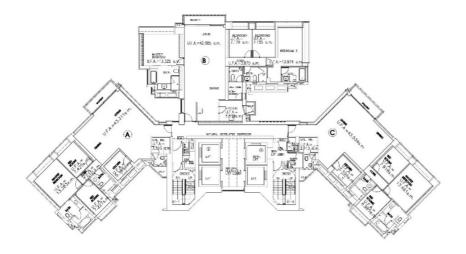


Figure 6-16. GFA Diagram & Calculation produced by BIM approach

UFA Diagram & Calculation



TYPICAL FLOOR U.F.A. DIAGRAM



Figure 6-17. UFA Diagram & Calculation extracted from PNAP ADV-33



Figure 6-18. UFA Diagram & Calculation produced by BIM approach

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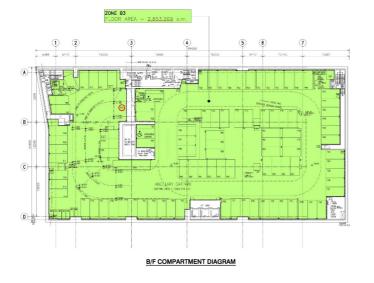
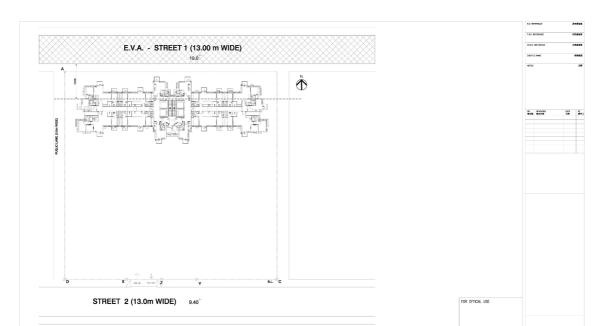


Figure 6-19. Compartmentation Diagram extracted from PNAP ADV-33



Figure 6-20. Compartmentation Diagram produced by BIM approach



EVA Diagram & Calculation

EVA FACADE DIAGRAM & CALCULATION

Figure 6-21. EVA Diagram and Calculations extracted from PNAP ADV-33

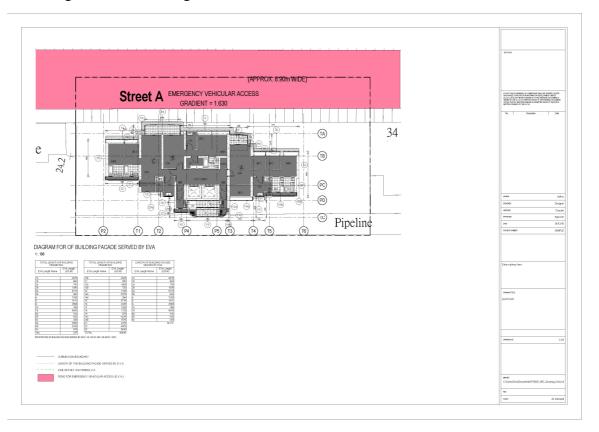


Figure 6-22. EVA Diagram and Calculations produced by BIM approach

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Figure 6-23. FRR Schedule extracted from PNAP ADV-33

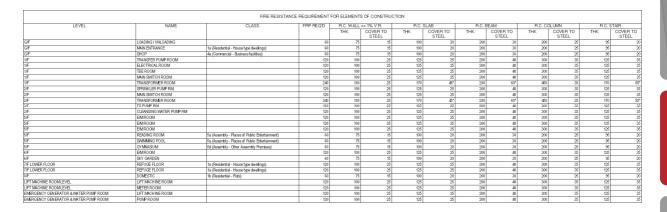


Figure 6-24. FRR Schedule produced by BIM approach

Figure 6-25. Provisions of Exit Doors and Routes Schedule extracted from PNAP ADV-33

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	SCHEDULE OF MINIMUM NUMBER & WIDTH OF EXIT DOOR & EXIT ROUTE FROM EACH FLOOR														
LEVEL	FLOOR CAPACITY	MN. NO. OF E	XIT ROUTE		MN. TOTAL	WIDTH OF		MN. WIDTH OF EACH							
		REQ'D	PRO'D	EXIT DOORS		EXIT ROUTES		EXIT DOOR		EXITR	OUTE				
			J. S	REQ'D PRO'D		REQ'D	PRO'D	REQ'D	PRO'D	REQ'D	PRO'D				
5/F		2	2	1750 1750		2100	2100	850	875	1050	1050				
26/F	39	2	2	1750 1750		2100	2100	850 875		1050	1050				

Figure 6-26. Provisions of Exit Doors and Routes Schedule produced by BIM approach

PROV	PROVISIONS OF MEANS OF ESCAPE IN CASE OF FIRE														
LOCATION	USE	TOTAL USABLE FLOOR AREA (m²)	FACTOR REPERSENTING 8.M. OF U.F.A. PER PERSON	TOTAL CAPACITY PER FLOOR (PERSON)	TOTAL CAPACITY OF STOREYS SERVED BY STAIRS (PERSON)	NUMBER & STAIRS PROVIDED IN THE BUILDING	NUMBER OF STOREYS ABOVE GROUND	WIDTH OF STAIRS (mm)	TOTAL DISCHARGE VALUE OF THE STAIRS (PERSON) (NON-SPRINKLER BUILDING) (*SPRINKLER BUILDING)						

Figure 6-27. Provision of MOE Schedule extracted from PNAP ADV-33

	SCHEDULE OF DISCHARGE VALUE													
DISCHARGE VALUE OF DISCHARGE VALUE OF STARGASE IN A SPRINKLERED STARGASE IN A SPRINKLERED BUILDING STARGASE IN A SPRINKLERED BUILDING DISCHARGE VALUE OF STARGASE IN A SPRINKLERED BUILDING DISCHARGE VALUE OF STARGASE IN A SPRINKLERED BUILDING BUILDING BUILDING BUILDING BUILDING SPRINKLERED BUILDING SPRINKLERED BUILDING SUILDING BUILDING BUILDIN														
STAIR NO.	WIDTH OF STAIRCASE (mm)	PERMITTED	PERMITTED	GALCULATED PERMITTED	CALCULATED WIDTH OF STAIRCASE	CALCULATED PERMITTED	TOTAL NO. OF FLOOR SERVED ABOVE G/F	ACTUAL						
ST-1		0					48							

Figure 6-28. Provision of MOE produced by BIM approach

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Figure 6-29. Schedule of Sanitary Fitments extracted from PNAP ADV-33

	SCHEDULE OF SANITARY FITMENTS PROVISIONS																		
			CAP	ACITY			W.	C.			BA	SIN		URI	NAL	BATH			-
		l i				1	vI.	F		M	l	F.				N.	A	F.	
LOCATION	USE	AREA (SQ.M)	TOTAL	M.	F.	REQ'D	PRO'D	REQ/D	PRO'D	REQ'D	PRO'D	REQ/D	PRO'D	REQ/D	PRO'D	REQ'D	PRO/D	REQ'D	PRO'D
G/F	SHOP/DEPARMENT STORE	67.167	5	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	- 1	- 1	1	- (-	0		0	-
5/F RECREATIONAL FASCILITIES GYMNASIUM	DOMESTIC	40.739	14	7	7	- 1	- 1	1	1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1		- 1	. 1	- 1	- 1	- 1
5/F RECREATIONAL FASCILITIES READING ROOM	DOMESTIC	38.192	39	20	19	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	- 2	2 2	2	2	2	2
5/F RECREATIONAL FASCILITIES RECEPTION LOBBY	DOMESTIC	51.516	6	3	3	- 1	1	- 1	1	- 1	- 1	1	1		1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1
5/F RECREATIONAL FASCILITIES SWIMMING POOL	DOMESTIC	87.38	30	15	15	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	- 1	2 2	2	2	2	2
8/F - 35/F (DOMESTIC) (LARGEST UNIT) * UNIT A	DOMESTIC		10	- 12	- 15	2	2	0		2	2	0	-		-	2	2	0	
	DOMESTIC		7	18	S.	1	2	0		1	2	0		- (-	- 1	2	0	95
8/F - 35/F (DOMESTIC) (LARGEST UNIT) * UNIT C	DOMESTIC		9		11	2	2	0		2	2	0			-	2	2	0	
36/F (DOMESTIC) UNIT A	DOMESTIC		8	-		- 1	- 1	0		1	1	0	-	-	-		- 1	0	-
36/F (DOMESTIC) UNIT B	DOMESTIC		9	15	80	2	2	0	- 6	2	2	0			-	2	2	0	97

Figure 6-30. Schedule of Sanitary Fitments produced by BIM approach

6.2 Latest Development of B.D. on BIM Use

PNAP ADV-34 was newly issued by B.D. in September 2016. The practice note provides general guidelines to AP, RSE and RGE on BIM submissions for building proposals as supplementary information to facilitate plan process by BD.

Buildings Department Practice Note for Authorized Persons, Registered Structural Engineers and Registered Geotechnical Engineers	Buildings Department	Registered Structural Engineers and	ADV-34
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Building Information Modelling

The use of Building Information Modelling (BIM) is a relatively new and innovative approach to building design and construction. The Buildings Department (BD) encourages authorized persons (AP), registered structural engineers (RSE) and registered geotechnical engineers (RGE) to consider adopting BIM in their building projects under the Buildings Ordinance. This practice note provides general guidelines on BIM submissions for building proposals as supplementary information to facilitate plan processing by the BD.

BIM Submissions

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2. There is a wide range of applications of BIM on new building development and alteration and addition works which are considered useful to facilitate the BD in processing plan submissions. Some examples of BIM applications are given in **Appendix A** and the project AP/RSE/RGE are encouraged to provide the BD with a soft copy of the computer modelling information under the specified format for consideration.

Format and Software Version

- 3. In addition to the statutory requirement of plan submission in paper format, AP/RSE/RGE are encouraged to present their building and/or building works proposals by the computer aid of BIM information in digital format compatible with BIM viewing software or real-time simulation to enhance illustration of the proposals and/or the construction sequence of the proposed works in the following manner and format:-
 - (a) The data files should be stored in non-rewritable CD-ROM in ISO 9660 format (i.e. CD format) or non-rewriteable DVD-ROM in ISO/IEC 13346:1995 format (i.e. DVD format);
 - (b) BIM viewing software (but not web based BIM viewer) shall be available for free download from the Internet for viewing the BIM submission. The link to download the viewing software should also be provided by the AP/RSE/RGE. Each individual file for viewing on BIM viewing software should also be limited to the size of 30 MB; and
 - (c) The real-time simulation should be in Windows Media Video (wmv) or Audio Video Interleave (avi) format and supported by Windows Media Player 11 or above.

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BIM Submission as Reference Material

4. Whilst BIM is submitted as a kind of supplementary information for reference, the BD processes approval of plans under the Buildings Ordinance based on the information contained in the plans. In case of any discrepancy between the plans and BIM submitted, the plans shall prevail. To keep pace with the development of BIM in the building industry, the BD will, from time to time, review the extent of BIM application and evaluate its effectiveness in the plan submission.

(HUI Siu-wai) Building Authority

Ref.: BD GR/1-125/11/1

First Issue : September 2016 (AD/NB2)

Appendix A (PNAP ADV-34)

Examples of application of BIM to supplement Plan Submissions

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Types of Plan Submission	Examples of Building Information to be illustrated by BIM				
	Building Information Model	Real-time Simulation			
General Building Plans	 innovative building design, irregular/twisted building form; projecting features on external wall; relationship between site profiles/street levels and proposed building; arrangement of means of escape and compartmentation; spatial arrangement of building; relationship between existing building and proposed alteration and addition (A&A) works. 	 sequence and phasing of various stages of new building development; sequence and phasing of A&A works. 			
Drainage Plans	 complex drainage systems and/or connections relationship between proposed underground drainage works and foundation works/site formation works etc. 	 sequence and phasing of various stages for new building development; sequence and phasing of A&A works. 			
Superstructure Plans	 complex steel structures and/or connections; arrangement of transfer structures and illustration of load path; basement structures supporting adjoining ground and/or existing geotechnical features; assembly sequence, structural arrangement and/or connection of façade/glass wall/curtain wall/cladding works, etc.; relationship between existing structures and proposed A&A works; working space, temporary supports and strengthening in A&A works. 	 sequence and phasing of various stages of new building development; sequence and phasing of A&A works. 			
Foundation Plans Excavation and Lateral	relationship between proposed foundations, sub-structures, E&LS works and geological ground profiles,	 sequence and phasing of various stages flote 1 of new building development; 			
Support (E&LS) Plans	adjoining existing foundations, geotechnical features, sensitive structures, etc.	top-down construction.			
Site Formation Plans	 relationship between site profiles, geological ground profiles and proposed works. 	 sequence and phasing of various stages flote 1 of new building development. 			
Demolition Plans	final stage of partial demolished structures.	 sequence and phasing of works, method statements and temporary precautionary measures. 			

Notes: Relevant stages of new building development may include demolition, foundation, E&LS, site formation, sub-structure and superstructure construction, as the case may be.

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6.3 Immediate Term Suggestion

BIM Technology can facilitate presenting conventional measurements on plan. For example, in a BIM model, the calculation of discharge value and MOE Travel Distance Measurement can easily be done.

SCHEDULE OF DISCHARGE VALUE						
	DISCHARGE VALUE OF STAIRCASE IN A SPRINKLERED BUILDING					
STAIR NO.	WIDTH OF STAIRCASE (mm)	PERMITTED	TOTAL NO. OF FLOOR SERVED ABOVE G/F			
ST-1	1125	420	1			
ST-4	1688	640	1			

TOTAL PERMITTED DISCHARGE VALUE = 420 + 640 = 1060

TOTAL ACTUAL DISCHARGE VALUE = 425

TOTAL : 1060 > 425

Figure 6-31. Discharge Value schedule

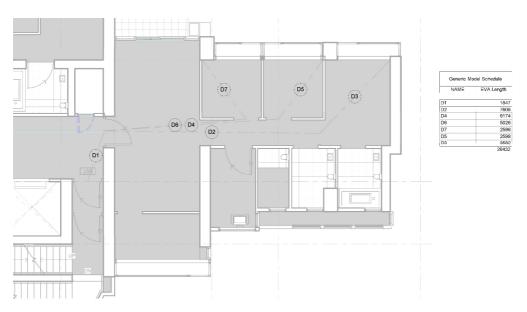


Figure 6-32. Travel Distance Diagram

6.4 Medium Term Suggestion

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In the traditional presentation of drawings in 2D format, the drawing up of 3D presentation of illustration purpose is extremely time consuming.

With BIM, as the model is already in 3D, issuing 3D drawings is not of much extra work. Thus, it can be a common deliverable with 3D illustrations showing the different part of a project, from the overall building outlook to smallest component part. Besides producing 2D drawings from the BIM model, calculation will also run automatically with related information. This can facilitate the Fire Compartmentation calculation with 3D model supported to counter some problematic building forms or irregular ceilings.

3D presentation, together with latest techniques such as hiding elements, making elements transparent or temporary exploding different components to derive better clarity, revealing a new way of communication, will deliver far better information than traditional 2D representation.

Fire Computational Calculation Schedule						
Level	Department	Number	Name	Area	Room Height	Volume
8/F	Α	A5	BR.3	4.824 m²	3000	14.472 m³

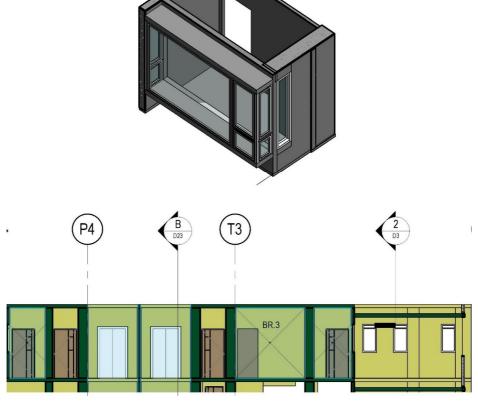


Figure 6-33. Compartmentation Diagram

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6.5 Long Term Suggestion

The long term objective is the use of BIM Model Submission as GBP Submissions and Building Regulation Checking. Providing a BIM model for checking is a relatively efficient method of checking for government departments. It easily reveals the building elements hidden under plans. It reduces the tolerance of mislead drawings which costs variation orders, and minimizes the overall project sum and project duration.

With BIM models, we can produce architectural, structural and building services drawings. Traditional plans, elevations and sections can be generated with ease, showing all different aspects of the BIM model.

The 2D drawings can be created by putting views on the sheet in BIM software without layer function, (e.g. Revit). Then, these sheets can be published in DWFX or pdf format.

Moreover, Industry Foundation Classes (IFC) file can also be an alternative for BIM submission. It is cross platform BIM file format which can collaborate between programs.

One of the model checking applications is **Solibri** Model Checker, for BIM validation, compliance control, design review, analysis, extract BIM information and code checking. It has been used in the U.S. for model checking such as Egress and Occupancy and Accessibility Control, etc.

7 Appendix – Specifications

7.1 Introduction

This part explains the terminology used in GBP submission and how they can be translated into BIM terminology.

7.2 BIM Terminology (Specification Structure)

The enclosed Appendix-Specification explains the BIM approach for each statutory submission items.

Each specification contains the following:

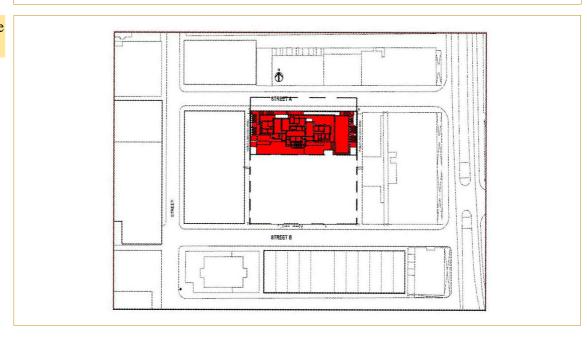
- a. Area of Concern is the category of Submission as describe in sections 3.4.1-3.4.5.
- b. Statutory Submittal refers to the terminology used in statutory submission.
- c. The Objectives as stated in relevant regulations explains the purpose of a specific submittal.
- d. Logics is the calculation method/ definition in Building Ordinance and PNAP.
- e. Specifications translate the "Logics" part into common BIM terminology.
- f. BIM Approach means how the statutory submittal can be done by BIM technology, and supported by an example in BIM software.





Format	Drawing	Statutory Submittal	Site Boundary	,	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A				3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Link	N/A				GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Lease Informa	ation			
Regulation Link	N/A				
Objectives	N/A				
Logics	Site boundary	of the proj	ect		
Specifications			according to sument Lease Info	urvey data provided b ormation	by Registered
BIM Approach	Use "Property	Line" tool t	o define Site b	oundary.	









Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Site Area Calculations	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	N/A	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 23(2)	
Regulation Link	http://www.legislation.gov.hk/blis_ind.nsf/CURALLENGDOC/5B99I82579C900301807?OpenDocument	D12A51151F0C4
Objectives	To define the site area for purpose of B(P)R	
Logics	The site area determined for the project	
Specifications	AP to determine area	
BIM Approach	Use "Area Plan" to define Site Area	



BIM Example

SITE AREA CALCULATIONS:

SITE AREA (FROM LEASE)

I.L. 897 S.B ss.1 S.A =1081.67 s.ft.

I.L. 897 S.B ss.5 S.A =270.43 s.ft.

I.L. 897 S.B ss.5 R.P =1353.98 s.ft.

I.L. 897 S.B ss.8 =3261.37 s.ft.

I.L. 897 S.B ss.9 =1636.89 s.ft.

TOTAL =7604.34 s.ft. (706.460 s.m.)





Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Site Classification	Area of Concern
PNAP	APP-124	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	http://www.bd.gov.hk/english/documents/pnap/APP/APP124.pdf	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 18A	
Regulation Link	http://www.legislation.gov.hk/blis_ind.nsf/CURALLENGDOC/83E5182579C900301805?OpenDocument	E6E0E7298594
Objectives	To determine site classification	
Logics	(1) In this Part and the First and Second Schedules— "class A site" (甲類地盤) means a site, not being a class B sit site, that abuts on one specified street not less than 4.5 m wide than one such street; "class B site" (乙類地盤) means, subject to paragraph (2), a central that abuts on 2 specified streets neither of which is less than "class C site" (丙類地盤) means, subject to paragraph (2), a central that abuts on 3 specified streets none of which is less than 4.5 (2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)— (a) a corner site shall not be regarded as abutting on 2 specifications at least 40 per cent of the boundary of the site abuts of and (b) a corner site shall not be regarded as abutting on 3 specifications.	de or on more corner site 4.5 m wide; corner site 5 m wide. fed streets in the streets;
Specifications	AP to determine Class A, B or C	
BIM Approach	Definite Site Classification Parameter for automatic search of tables	Appropriate



C03

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Relevant Table

BIM Example

<u>UNDER BUILDING (PLANNING) REGULATIONS:</u>

CLASS OF SITE:

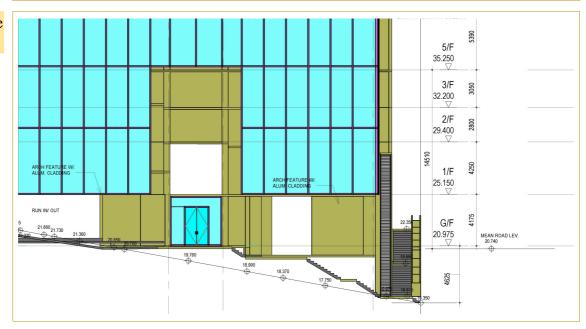
A



Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Mean Street Level	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A	Checking of Building
PNAP Li n k	N/A	Height
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 23 (1)	
Regulation Link	http://www.legislation.gov.hk/blis_ind.nsf/CURALLENGDOC/5B99I82579C900301807?OpenDocument	D12A51151F0C4
Objectives	To calculate height of a building for purposes of B(P)R 20, 21	and 22
Logics	(1) For the purposes of regulations 20, 21 and 22, the height shall be measured from the mean level of the street or streets fronts or abuts being a specified street or specified streets not m wide, or where the building abuts on specified streets not m wide having different levels, from the mean level of the low of such streets, to the mean height of the roof over the higher floor space in the building. (L.N. 406 of 1987; L.N. 110 of 2005)	s on which it ot less than 4.5 less than 4.5 ver or lowest est usable
Specifications	(S(lowest)T-S(lowest)B)/2 where S(lowest) = lowest street, T= = Bottom Level	Top Level; B
BIM Approach	Set Mean Street Level as parameter	



(1) For the purposes of regulations 20, 21 and 22, the height of a building shall be measured from the mean level of the street or streets on which it fronts or abuts being a specified street or specified streets not less than 4.5 m wide, or where the building abuts on specified streets not less than 4.5 m wide having different levels, from the mean level of the lower or lowest of such streets, to the mean height of the roof over the highest usable floor space in the building. (L.N. 406 of 1987; L.N. 110 of 2005)







Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Building Height	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A	Checking of Building
PNAP Li n k	N/A	Height
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 23 (1)	
Regulation Link	http://www.legislation.gov.hk/blis_ind.nsf/CURALLENGDOC/5B99I82579C900301807?OpenDocument	D12A51151F0C4
Objectives	To calculate height of a building for purposes of B(P)R 20, 21	and 22
Logics	(1) For the purposes of regulations 20, 21 and 22, the height shall be measured from the mean level of the street or streets fronts or abuts being a specified street or specified streets not m wide, or where the building abuts on specified streets not m wide having different levels, from the mean level of the lov of such streets, to the mean height of the roof over the higher floor space in the building. (L.N. 406 of 1987; L.N. 110 of 2005)	s on which it ot less than 4.5 less than 4.5 ver or lowest est usable
Specifications	Main Roof Level (Structural Floor Level) - Mean Street Level	
BIM Approach	Automatic calculation of Main Roof Level - Mean Street Leve	l Parameter



(1) For the purposes of regulations 20, 21 and 22, the height of a building shall be measured from the mean level of the street or streets on which it fronts or abuts being a specified street or specified streets not less than 4.5 m wide, or where the building abuts on specified streets not less than 4.5 m wide having different levels, from the mean level of the lower or lowest of such streets, to the mean height of the roof over the highest usable floor space in the building. (L.N. 406 of 1987; L.N. 110 of 2005)

BIM Example

BUILDING HEIGHT CALCULATIONS:

TOTAL BUILDING HEIGHT

135.240 (MAIN ROOF LEV.) - 20.740 (MEAN ROAD LEV.)

= 114.500 m

PODIUM HEIGHT

35.250 (PODIUM LEV.) - 20.740 (MEAN ROAD LEV.)

= 14.510 m





Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Permitted Non-domestic Site Coverage	Area of Concern
PNAP	APP-19 & APP-132	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	http://www.bd.gov.hk/english/documents/pnap/APP/APP132.pdf	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 21 & First Schedule	
Regulation Link	http://www.legislation.gov.hk/blis_ind.nsf/CURALLENGDOC/425A/482579C90030180D?OpenDocument	AFD4AFAE2256
Objectives	The expression "permitted percentage site coverage" (准許上 means the maximum site coverage permitted under paragraph	
Logics	(1) The maximum site coverage permitted in respect of a buil buildings on a class A site, class B site or class C site shall be a accordance with regulation 20; Refer table in First Schedule	_
Specifications	Lookup values from First Schedule	
BIM Approach	Lookup values from First Schedule	



First Schedule

		Domestic buildings				Non-domestic buildings						
Height of building in metres	Percentage site coverage		Plot ratio		Percentage site coverage		Plot ratio					
	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site
Not exceeding 15 m	66.6	75	80	3.3	3.75	4.0	100	100	100	5	5	5
Over 15 m but not exceeding 18 m	60	67	72	3.6	4.0	4.3	97.5	97.5	97.5	5.8	5.8	5.8
Over 18 m but not exceeding 21 m	56	62	67	3.9	4.3	4.7	95	95	95	6.7	6.7	6.7
Over 21 m but not exceeding 24 m	52	58	63	4.2	4.6	5.0	92	92	92	7.4	7.4	7.4

BIM Example

PERMITTED NON-DOMESTIC SC (%): 60

PERMITTED DOMESTIC SC (%): 33.33

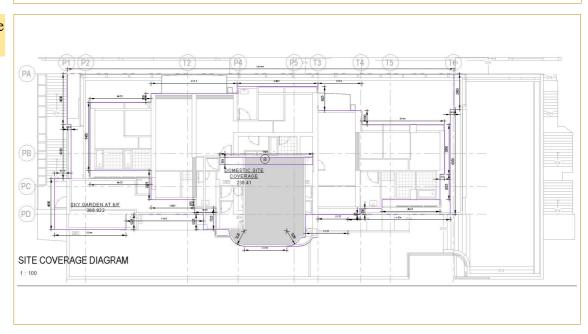
PERMITTED NON-DOMESTIC PR: 15

PERMITTED DOMESTIC PR: 8



Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Non-domestic site coverage outline	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Link	N/A	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 2	
Regulation Link	N/A	
Objectives	N/A	
Logics	Site coverage (上蓋面積) means the area of the site that is covered building that is erected thereon and, when used in relation to composite building, means the area of the site on which the left erected that is covered by that part of the building; (G.N.A. 97)	a part of a puilding is
Specifications	Total area outlined from top view of non-domestic part of building all building elements.	ilding
BIM Approach	Set "View Depth" to the lowest floor to include all building eld draw area boundary.	ements then



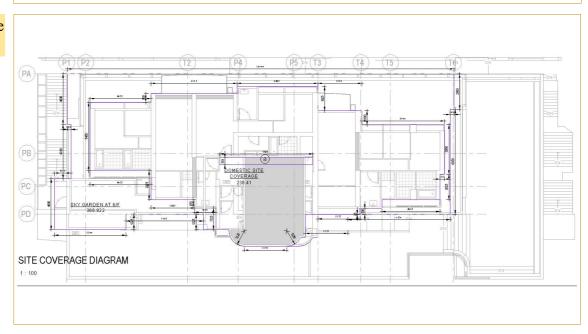






Format	Calculations	Statutory Submittal	Non-accountable Non-domestic site coverage (SC)	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A			3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Link	N/A			GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 2			
Regulation Link	N/A			
Objectives	N/A			
Logics	AP to determine			
Specifications	Demarcate area	on an are	ea plan	
BIM Approach	Use "Area Plan"	to demar	cate area	



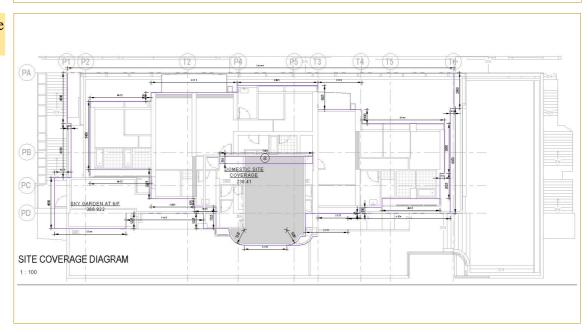






Format		Statutory Submittal	Actual non-domstic Site Co	overage	Area of Concern
PNAP	APP-19 & APP-132	2			3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Link	http://www.bd.gov.l	hk/englis	h/documents/pnap/APP/APF	² 132.pdf	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	N/A				
Regulation Link	http://www.legislati 482579C90030184C		<pre>k/blis_ind.nsf/CURALLENGDC ocument</pre>	C/3EC4D	0082719D1C49
Objectives	N/A				
Logics	Non-domestic SC	outline	- non-accountable non-do	mestic S	C
Specifications	Non-domestic SC	outline	- non-accountable non-do	mestic S	С
BIM Approach	Use "Area Plan" to non-domestic SC	demard	ate non-domestic SC outlin	ne - non	-accountable









Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Permitted domestic Site Coverage	Area of Concern
PNAP	APP-19 & APP-132	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Link	http://www.bd.gov.hk/english/documents/pnap/APP/APP132.pdf	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 20 & First Schedule	
Regulation Link	http://www.legislation.gov.hk/blis_ind.nsf/CURALLENGDOC/425AA482579C90030180D?OpenDocument	AFD4AFAE2256
Objectives	the expression "permitted percentage site coverage" (准許上語 means the maximum site coverage permitted under paragrap	
Logics	(1) The maximum site coverage permitted in respect of a build buildings on a class A site, class B site or class C site shall be d accordance with regulation 20; Refer table in First Schedule	_
Specifications	Lookup values from First Schedule	
BIM Approach	Lookup values from First Schedule	





First Schedule

(3)			Domestic	buildings	1		1	N	on-domest	tic buildings		
Height of building	Percentage site coverage			Plot ratio		Percentage site coverage		Plot ratio				
in metres	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site
Not exceeding 15 m	66.6	75	80	3.3	3.75	4.0	100	100	100	5	5	5
Over 15 m but not exceeding 18 m	60	67	72	3.6	4.0	4.3	97.5	97.5	97.5	5.8	5.8	5.8
Over 18 m but not exceeding 21 m	56	62	67	3.9	4.3	4.7	95	95	95	6.7	6.7	6.7
Over 21 m but not exceeding 24 m	52	58	63	4.2	4.6	5.0	92	92	92	7.4	7.4	7.4

BIM Example

PERMITTED NON-DOMESTIC SC (%): 60

PERMITTED DOMESTIC SC (%): 33.33

PERMITTED NON-DOMESTIC PR: 15

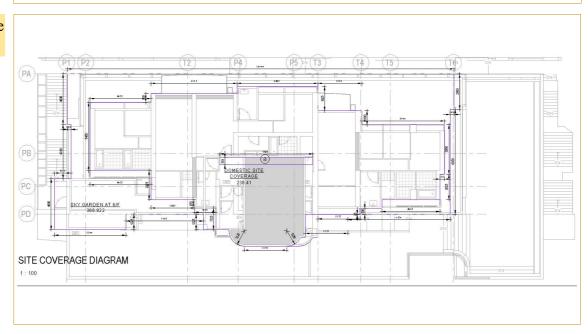
PERMITTED DOMESTIC PR: 8





Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Domestic Site Coverage outline	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Link	N/A	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 2	
Regulation Link	N/A	
Objectives	N/A	
Logics	site coverage (上蓋面積) means the area of the site that is covered building that is erected thereon and, when used in relation to composite building, means the area of the site on which the lerected that is covered by that part of the building; (G.N.A. 97)	a part of a building is
Specifications	Total area outlined from top view of non-domestic part of building all building elements.	ilding
BIM Approach	Set "View Depth" to the lowest floor to include all building eld draw area boundary.	ements then



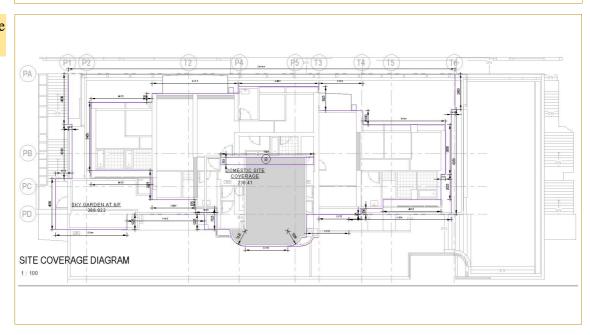






Format	Calculations Statutor Submitte	Non-accountable Domestic site coverage (SC)	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A		3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Link	N/A		GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	N/A		
Regulation Link	N/A		
Objectives	N/A		
Logics	AP to determine		
Specifications	Demarcate area on an a	area diagram view	
BIM Approach	Use "Area Plan" to dem	arcate area	









Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Rat	rmitted Non-domestic Plot iio	Area of Concern
PNAP	APP-19		3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	http://www.bd.gov.hk/english/c e.pdf	locuments/pnap/signed/APP019s	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 21 & First Scheo	dule	
Regulation Link	http://www.legislation.gov.hk/b 482579C90030180D?OpenDocu	lis_ind.nsf/CURALLENGDOC/425AA ument	AFD4AFAE2256
Objectives		ermitted in respect of a building r class C site shall be determined 1.	
Logics	Refer table in First Schedule		
Specifications	Lookup values from First Sche	edule	
BIM Approach	Lookup values from First Sche	edule	





First Schedule

(3)		Domestic buildings				Non-domestic buildings						
Height of building	Percentage site coverage			Plot ratio		Percentage site coverage		Plot ratio				
in metres	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site
Not exceeding 15 m	66.6	75	80	3.3	3.75	4.0	100	100	100	5	5	5
Over 15 m but not exceeding 18 m	60	67	72	3.6	4.0	4.3	97.5	97.5	97.5	5.8	5.8	5.8
Over 18 m but not exceeding 21 m	56	62	67	3.9	4.3	4.7	95	95	95	6.7	6.7	6.7
Over 21 m but not exceeding 24 m	52	58	63	4.2	4.6	5.0	92	92	92	7.4	7.4	7.4

BIM Example

PERMITTED NON-DOMESTIC SC (%): 60

PERMITTED DOMESTIC SC (%): 33.33

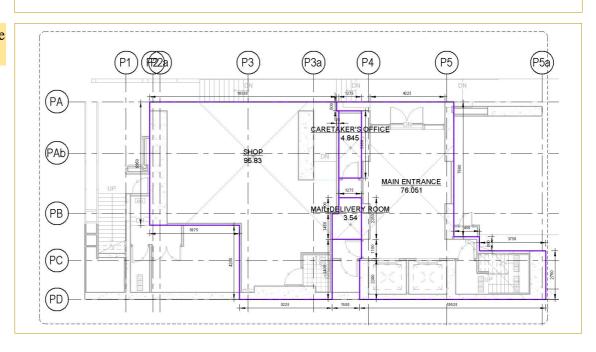
PERMITTED NON-DOMESTIC PR: 15

PERMITTED DOMESTIC PR: 8



Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Non-Domestic GFA outline	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Link	N/A	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 23 (3)(a)	
Regulation Link	N/A	
Objectives	N/A	
Logics	(3) (a) Subject to sub-paragraph (b), for the purposes of regulations and 22, the gross floor area of a building shall be the area conthe external walls of the building measured at each floor leverany floor below the level of the ground), together with the arbalcony in the building, which shall be calculated from the oxidimensions of the balcony (including the thickness of the sid and the thickness of the external walls of the building.	ntained within I (including ea of each verall
Specifications	Demarcate area on an area diagram view	
BIM Approach	Use "Area Plan" to demarcate GFA	

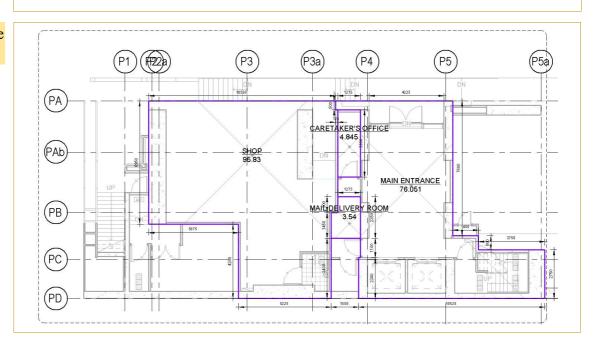






Format	Calculations	Statutory Submittal	Non-domestic GFA per floor (non-dom be deducted from	nestic area to	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A				3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	N/A				GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	N/A				
Regulation Link	N/A				
Objectives	N/A				
Logics	1 3	on- essent	ing green and amenial plant rooms and sulations		
Specifications	Disregarded G	FA(ND) + e	exempted GFA(ND)		
BIM Approach	Use "Schedule	e" to calcula	ate disregarded GFA	A(ND) + exempte	ed GFA(ND)







Format	Calculations	Statutory Submittal	Actual non-domest floor	ic GFA per	Area of Concern
PNAP	APP-151, ADM-	2			3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	http://www.bd.gc pdf	ov.hk/engli	sh/documents/pnap/ <i>l</i>	ADM/ADM002.	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 23	(3)(a)			
Regulation Link	http://www.legisla 82579C90030180		nk/blis_ind.nsf/CURALL ocument	LENGDOC/5B99E	D12A51151F0C4
Objectives	N/A				
Logics	Non-domestic C floor	GFA outlin	e per floor - non-do	mestic GFA con	cession per
Specifications	Domestic GFA o	utline pe	floor - domestic GF	A concession po	er floor
BIM Approach	Use "Schedule" GFA concession		te domestic GFA ou	tline per floor -	domestic



BIM Example

	GROUND FLOOR GFA	
ID	Name	TOTAL AREA

GFA-Non-Domestic Area

2 8	SHOP	95.83
6 L	IFT & STAIRCASE AT 5/F	32.783
		400.040

128.613





Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Actual non-domestic GFA	Area of Concern
PNAP	APP-151, ADM-2	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	http://www.bd.gov.hk/english/documents/pnap/ADM/ADM002.pdf	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	N/A	
Regulation Link	http://www.legislation.gov.hk/blis_pdf.nsf/6799165D2FEE3FA9482/25C2868DA2669A12482575EE003F079B/\$FILE/CAP_123F_e_b5.pdf.nsf/6799165D2FEE3FA9482	
Objectives	To ensure the total GFA does not exceed the Maximum Floor calculated from Permitted Plot Ratio.	Area
Logics	Adding up of Actual non-domestic GFA of all floors	
Specifications	Adding up of Actual GFA of all floors	
BIM Approach	Use "Schedule" to add up of actual GFA of all floors	



BIM Example

	GROUND FLOOR GFA	
ID	Name	TOTAL AREA

GFA-Non-Domestic Area

2 5	SHOP	95.83
6 L	IFT & STAIRCASE AT 5/F	32.783
		400.040

128.613



Format		Statutory Submittal	Actual non-d	omestic plot ratio	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A				3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	N/A				GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 21 (3)			
Regulation Link	N/A				
Objectives	N/A				
Logics				ined by dividing the	
Specifications	Actual non-dome	stic GFA	A / Site area		
BIM Approach	Actual non-dome	stic GF <i>F</i>	A / Site area		





BIM Example

PERMITTED NON-DOMESTIC SC (%): 60

PERMITTED DOMESTIC SC (%): 33.33

PERMITTED NON-DOMESTIC PR: 15

PERMITTED DOMESTIC PR: 8



Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Permitted domestic Plot Ratio	Area of Concern
PNAP	APP-19	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Link	http://www.bd.gov.hk/english/documents/pnap/signed/APP019se.pdf	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 21 & First Schedule	
Regulation Link	http://www.legislation.gov.hk/blis_ind.nsf/CURALLENGDOC/425A/482579C90030180D?OpenDocument	AFD4AFAE2256
Objectives	(2) The maximum plot ratio permitted in respect of a building on a class A site, class B site or class C site shall be determined accordance with regulation 21.	
Logics	Refer table in First Schedule	
Specifications	Lookup values from First Schedule	
BIM Approach	Lookup values from First Schedule	





First Schedule

			Domestic buildings				Non-domestic buildings					
Height of building in metres	Percentage site coverage			Plot ratio		Percentage site coverage		Plot ratio				
	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site	Class A site	Class B site	Class C site
Not exceeding 15 m	66.6	75	80	3.3	3.75	4.0	100	100	100	5	5	5
Over 15 m but not exceeding 18 m	60	67	72	3.6	4.0	4.3	97.5	97.5	97.5	5.8	5.8	5.8
Over 18 m but not exceeding 21 m	56	62	67	3.9	4.3	4.7	95	95	95	6.7	6.7	6.7
Over 21 m but not exceeding 24 m	52	58	63	4.2	4.6	5.0	92	92	92	7.4	7.4	7.4

BIM Example

PERMITTED NON-DOMESTIC SC (%): 60

PERMITTED DOMESTIC SC (%): 33.33

PERMITTED NON-DOMESTIC PR: 15

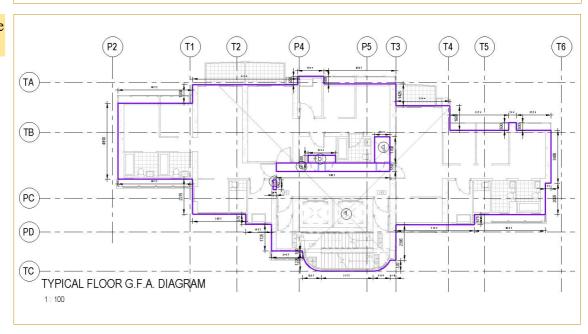
PERMITTED DOMESTIC PR: 8





Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Domestic GFA outline per floor	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	N/A	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 23 (3)(a)	
Regulation Link	N/A	
Objectives	N/A	
Logics	(3) (a) Subject to sub-paragraph (b), for the purposes of regulations and 22, the gross floor area of a building shall be the area co the external walls of the building measured at each floor leve any floor below the level of the ground), together with the arbalcony in the building, which shall be calculated from the ox dimensions of the balcony (including the thickness of the sid and the thickness of the external walls of the building.	ntained within el (including ea of each verall
Specifications	Demarcate area on an area diagram view	
BIM Approach	Use "Area Plan" to Demarcate GFA	



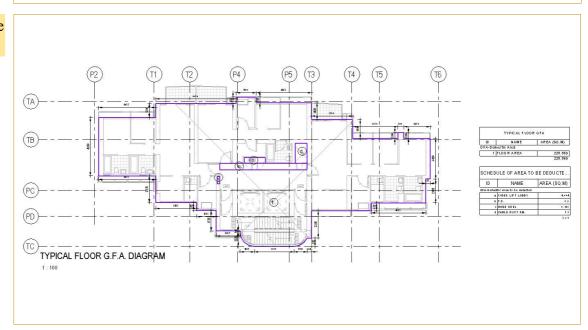






Format	Calculations	Statutory Submittal	Domestic GFA c floor (Domestic deducted from	•	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A				Gross Floor Area
PNAP Li n k	N/A				
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	N/A				
Regulation Link	N/A				
Objectives	N/A				
Logics		non- essent	ial plant rooms ar	nenity features and nd services from gr	
	una, or site co	verage care			
Specifications	Disregarded (GFA(D) + ex	empted GFA(D)		
BIM Approach	Use "Schedule	e" to add up	o disregarded GF <i>i</i>	A(D) and exempted	GFA(D)









Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Actual domestic GFA per floor	Area of Concern
PNAP	APP-151, ADM-2	Gross Floor Area
PNAP Link	http://www.bd.gov.hk/english/documents/pnap/ADM/ADM002.pdf	
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	N/A	
Regulation Link	http://www.legislation.gov.hk/blis_ind.nsf/CURALLENGDOC/5B99E82579C900301807?OpenDocument	D12A51151F0C4
Objectives	N/A	
Logics	Domestic GFA outline per floor - domestic GFA concession p	er floor
Specifications	Domestic GFA outline per floor - domestic GFA concession p	er floor
BIM Approach	Use "Schedule" to calculate domestic GFA outline per floor m domestic GFA concession per floor	ninus



BIM Example

(C) ACTUAL TOTAL G.F.A. CALCULATION FOR DOMESTIC:

DOMESTIC ACCOMMODATION

OVERALL DOMESTIC GFA (SQ.M): 5451.568

OVERALL NON-DOMESTIC GFA (SQ.M): 128.613

OVERALL TOTAL GFA (SQ.M): 5451.568+128.613

5580.181

DOMESTIC LIFT SHAFT AREA (SQ.M): 212.420
MAXIMUM EXEMPTED GFA (SQ.M): 5580.181x3.5%

195.306

ACTUAL EXEMPTED GFA (SQ.M): 212.420-5580.181x2.5%

72.915 (MAX.195.306)

ACTUAL DOMESTIC GFA (SQ.M): 5451.568-72.915

5378.653



Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Actual domestic GFA	Area of Concern
PNAP	APP-151, ADM-2	Gross Floor Area
PNAP Li n k	http://www.bd.gov.hk/english/documents/pnap/ADM/ADM002.pdf	
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 20, 21, 22, 23 & 23A	
Regulation Link	http://www.legislation.gov.hk/blis_pdf.nsf/6799165D2FEE3FA9482/25C2868DA2669A12482575EE003F079B/\$FILE/CAP_123F_e_b5.pdf.nsf/6799165D2FEE3FA9482	
Objectives	N/A	
Logics	Adding up of Actual Domestic GFA of all floors	
Specifications	Adding up of Actual Domestic GFA of all floors	
BIM Approach	Use "Schudule" to add up of Actual Domestic GFA of all floor	S



BIM Example

(C) ACTUAL TOTAL G.F.A. CALCULATION FOR DOMESTIC:

DOMESTIC ACCOMMODATION

OVERALL DOMESTIC GFA (SQ.M): 5451.568

OVERALL NON-DOMESTIC GFA (SQ.M): 128.613

OVERALL TOTAL GFA (SQ.M): 5451.568+128.613

5580.181

DOMESTIC LIFT SHAFT AREA (SQ.M): 212.420
MAXIMUM EXEMPTED GFA (SQ.M): 5580.181x3.5%

195.306

ACTUAL EXEMPTED GFA (SQ.M): 212.420-5580.181x2.5%

72.915 (MAX.195.306)

ACTUAL DOMESTIC GFA (SQ.M): 5451.568-72.915

5378.653





Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Actual domestic plot ratio	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Link	N/A	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 21 (3)	
Regulation Link	N/A	
Objectives	N/A	
Logics	The plot ratio of a building shall be obtained by dividing the area of the building by the area of the site on which the build	
Specifications	Actual domestic GFA / Site area	
BIM Approach	Use "Schedule" to get the result of Actual domestic GFA / Si	te area



C24

BIM Example

ACTUAL DOMESTIC PR:

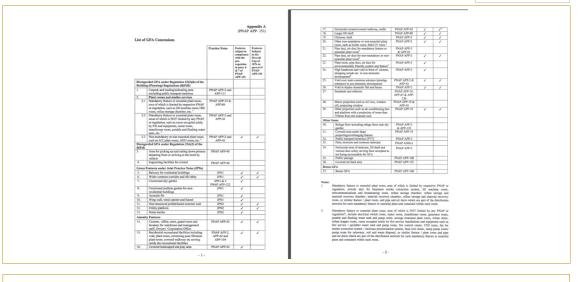
5378.653/706.46 7.614<7.903





Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Disregarded Gross Floor Area	Area of Concern
PNAP	APP-151, ADM-2	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Link	http://www.bd.gov.hk/english/documents/pnap/signed/APP151s e.pdf	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 23(3)(b)	
Regulation Link	http://www.legislation.gov.hk/blis_pdf.nsf/6799165D2FEE3FA9482/25C2868DA2669A12482575EE003F079B/\$FILE/CAP_123F_e_b5.pd	
Objectives	N/A	
Logics	In determining the gross floor area for the purposes of regular and 22, the Building Authority may disregard any floor space satisfied is constructed or intended to be used solely for park vehicles, loading or unloading of motor vehicles, or for refuse chambers, refuse storage and material recovery chambers, m recovery chambers, refuse storage and material recovery roo chutes, refuse hopper rooms and other types of facilities prov facilitate the separation of refuse to the satisfaction of the Bu Authority, or for access facilities for telecommunications and services, or occupied solely by machinery or equipment for all conditioning or heating system or any similar service. (L.N. 40 of 2000 s. 7)	that he is ing motor e storage aterial ms, refuse vided to ilding broadcasting ny lift, air-
Specifications	Demarcate area on an area diagram view and list out	
BIM Approach	Use "Area Plan" to demarcate area and scheule to list out	



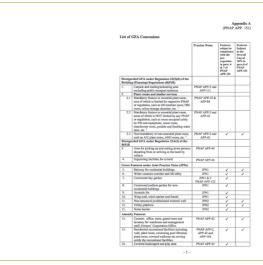


AREA OF GFA CONCESSIONS	
Name	AREA (SQ.M)
TBE ROOM	23.455 m²
POTABLE & FLUSHING WATER TANK TRANSFER PUMP ROOM	37.307 m²
ELECTRICAL ROOM	9.720 m²
MAIN SWITCH ROOM	20.494 m²
TRANSFORMER ROOM	25.753 m²
TRANSFORMER ROOM	22.446 m²
SPRINKLER PUMP RM.	27.943 m²
ELECTRICAL ROOM	3.950 m ²
FILTRATION PLANT ROOM	49.183 m²
CLEANSING WATER PUMP RM	19.653 m²
WATER METER RM.	3.500 m ²
ELECT. RM.	2.849 m²
ELEC. RM.	1.457 m²
EMERGENCY GENERATOR ROOM	25.980 m ²
NON-ESSENTIAL GENEARATOR RM.	16.745 m²
LOADING/ UNLOADING	24.500 m ²
METER ROOM	2.821 m²
REFUSE STORAGE MATERIAL RECOVERY CHAMBER	13.517 m²
METER ROOM	2.010 m ²
TOTAL	333.284 m²



Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Exempted GFA of Green Features under JPN 1	Area of Concern
PNAP	JPN 1, APP-151, ADM-2	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Link	N/A	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	N/A	
Regulation Link	N/A	
Objectives	The industry is encouraged to explore ways to improve environments of the construction and throughout the life buildings by incorporating a list of green features that may, the conditions specified in subsequent paragraphs, be exempted on the conditions of the conditions of the conditions and/or Site Coverage (SC) calculations.	e cycle of new subject to oted from
Logics	The following green features may upon application and subject conditions be excluded from GFA and/or SC calculations und Buildings Ordinance: (a) Balconies for residential buildings; (b) Wider common corridors and lift lobbies for residential buildings; (c)Communal sky gardens for residential buildings; (d)Communal podium gardens for non-residential buildings (e) Acoustic fins; and (f) Wing walls, wind catchers and funnels.	er the
Specifications	Demarcate area on an area diagram view and list out	
BIM Approach	Use "Area plan" to demarcate area and scheule to list out	





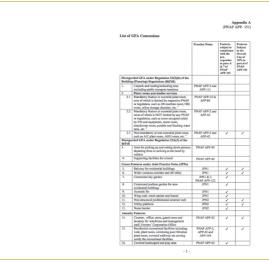
17.	Horizontal screen/covered walkway, trellis	PNAP APP-42	-	7			
18,	Larger lift shaft	PNAP APP-89	/	1			
19.	Chimney shaft	PNAP APP-2	-/	/			
20.	Other non-mandatory or non-essential plant room, such as boiler room, SMATV room	PNAP APP-2	/	1			
21.	Pipe duct, air duct for mandatory feature or essential plant room ⁵	PNAP APF-2 & APF-93					
22.	Pipe duct, air duct for non-mandatory or non- essential plant room ⁶	PNAP APP-2	-	1			
23.	Plant room, pipe duct, air duct for	PNAP APP-2	/				
24.	environmentally friendly system and feature. High headroom and void in front of cinema,	PNAP APP-2	-	_			
24.	shopping arcade etc. in non-demostic development ⁸	PNAP APP-2	-				
25.	Void over main common entrance (prestige entrance) in non-domestic development	PNAP APP-2 & APP-42	/	1			
26.	Void in duplex domestic flat and house	PNAP APP-2	/	1			
27.	Sunshade and reflector	PNAP APP-19, APP-67 & APP- 156					
28.	Minor projection such as AC box, window cill, projecting window	PNAP APP-19 & APP-42					
29.	Other projection such as air-conditioning box and platform with a projection of more than	PNAP APP-19	/	1			
	750mm from the external wall						
Other	r Items						
30.	Refuge floor including refuge floor cuts sky cardes	PNAP APP-2 & APP-122					
31.	Covered area under large projecting/overhanging feature	PNAP APP-19					
12.	Public transport terminus (PTT)	PNAP APP.2					
33.	Party structure and common staircase	PNAP ADM-2					
34.	Herizontal area of staircase, lift shaft and vertical duct solely serving floor accepted as	PNAP APP-2					
15	not being accountable for GFA Public passage	PNAP APP-108					
36.	Covered set back area	PNAP APP-108					
		PNAP APP-152		_			
	s GPA						
37.	Bonus GFA	PNAP APP-108					
Notes:	Mandatory feature or essential plant room, are regulation, include door for baseness sense teleocensusations and boardcasting room, masterial recovery chamber, material recovery cross, or similar feature / plant room, and pipe network for such mandatory feature or essential.	he entraction system refuse storage cham hamber, refuse stora and air ducts which a	n, lift ma ber, refuse ge and man re part of th	chine room, storage and trial recovery e distribution			
1	Mandatocy froture or essortial plant room, are regularior*, include electrical switch room, me postable and finhring water task and pump room rifase hopper room, room occupied solely by it fin service J spristifer water task and pump smoke extraction system / stalease pressuriant pump room for raiswater, sell and waste dips and air ducts which are part of the distribution in laster and consulated within seath room.	ter room, transformen, sewage treatment piece service installation com, fire control ce on system, hose reel on system, hose reel on the control ce on the ce of the control ce on the ce of the c	r room, ger plant room, ns and equip nore, CO2 n closer, sump ne / plant ro	senator room, refuse chate, enent such as oom, fan for pump room/ som and pipe			

AREA OF GFA CONCESSIONS	
Name	AREA (SQ.M)
TBE ROOM	23.455 m²
POTABLE & FLUSHING WATER TANK TRANSFER PUMP ROOM	37.307 m²
ELECTRICAL ROOM	9.720 m²
MAIN SWITCH ROOM	20.494 m²
TRANSFORMER ROOM	25.753 m ²
TRANSFORMER ROOM	22.446 m ²
SPRINKLER PUMP RM.	27.943 m ²
ELECTRICAL ROOM	3.950 m ²
FILTRATION PLANT ROOM	49.183 m²
CLEANSING WATER PUMP RM	19.653 m²
WATER METER RM.	3.500 m ²
ELECT. RM.	2.849 m²
ELEC. RM.	1.457 m²
EMERGENCY GENERATOR ROOM	25.980 m ²
NON-ESSENTIAL GENEARATOR RM.	16.745 m²
LOADING/ UNLOADING	24.500 m ²
METER ROOM	2.821 m²
REFUSE STORAGE MATERIAL RECOVERY CHAMBER	13.517 m²
METER ROOM	2.010 m ²
TOTAL	333.284 m²



Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Exempted GFA of Green Features under JPN 2	Area of Concern
PNAP	JPN 2, APP-151, ADM-2	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Link	N/A	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	N/A	
Regulation Link	N/A	
Objectives	The industry is encouraged to explore ways to improve envi- performance during the construction and throughout the life buildings by incorporating a list of green features that may, the conditions specified in subsequent paragraphs, be exemp Gross Floor Area (GFA) and/or Site Coverage (SC) calculations	cycle of new subject to oted from
Logics	2. The following green features may upon application and su conditions be exempted from Gross Floor Area (GFA) and/or (SC) calculations under the Buildings Ordinance: (a) Non-structural prefabricated external walls; (b) Utility platforms for residential buildings; (c) Noise barriers; and (d) Communal sky gardens for non-residential buildings.	-
Specifications	Demarcate area on an area diagram view and list out	
BIM Approach	Use "Area Plan" to demarcate area and Schedule to list out	





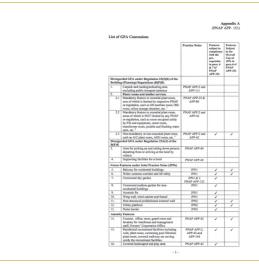
18, 1 19, 6 20, 6 21, 1 22, 1	forizontal screen/sowered walkway, trellis arger lift shaft Direnney shaft After non-mundatory or non-essential plant soon, such as boiler room, SMATV room.	PNAP APP-42 PNAP APP-89		
18, 1 19, 6 20, 6 21, 1 22, 1	arger lift shaft Thirmney shaft There soot mandatory or non-essential plant noom, such as boiler room, SMATV room The duct, air short for mandatory feature or			1
19. 0 20. 0 21. 1 22. 1	Divinney shaft When non-mandatory or non-essential plant soom, such as boiler room, SMATV room The duct, air duct for mandatory feature or		/	1
20. 0 21. 1 22. 1	Other non-mandatory or non-essential plant toom, such as boiler room, SMATV room ⁴ rise duct, air duct for mandatory feature or	PNAP APP-2	-	1
21. 1	nom, such as boiler room, SMATV room 4	PNAP APP-2	1	1
22. 1				
22. 1		PNAP APP-2 & APP-93		
	niential plant room* Tipe duct, air duct for non-mandatory or non- niential plant room*	PNAP APF-2	/	/
23. 1	Mant room, pipe duct, air duct for environmentally friendly system and feature	PNAP APP-2	/	
24. 1	ligh headroom and void in front of cinema,	PNAP APP-2	/	
	hopping arcade etc. in non-demostic levelopment ⁶	1100 107-2		
25.	/old over main common entrance (prestige intrance) in non-demestic development	PNAP APP-2 & APP-42	/	1
26.	oid in duplex domestic flat and house	PNAP APP-2	/	1
27. 5	Sunshade and reflector	PNAP APP-19, APP-67 & APP- 156		
28. 1	Minor projection such as AC box, window	PNAP APP-19 &		
29. 6	ill, projecting window Other projection such as air-conditioning box	APP-42 PNAP APP-19	-	/
	other projection such as air-conditioning box and platform with a projection of more than (Stream from the external wall	PNAP APP-19	,	
Other Ites	*5			
	Refuge floor including refuge floor cuts sky	PNAP APP-2		
	gardes	& APP-122		
31.	Covered area under large projecting/overhanging feature	PNAP APP-19		
32.	Public transport terminus (PTT)	PNAP APP-2		
33.	Party structure and common staircase	PNAP ADM-2		
	Horizontal area of staircase, lift shaft and vertical duct solely serving floor accepted as not being accountable for GFA	PNAP APP-2		
	not being accountable for GPA Public passage	PNAP APP-108		
	Covered set back area	PNAP APP-152		
Bonus GF		1100 101 110		
	Bonus GFA	PNAP APP-108		_
31.	BURB UTA	PAREATT-108		-

AREA OF GFA CONCESSIONS				
Name	AREA (SQ.M)			
TBE ROOM	23.455 m²			
POTABLE & FLUSHING WATER TANK TRANSFER PUMP ROOM	37.307 m²			
ELECTRICAL ROOM	9.720 m ²			
MAIN SWITCH ROOM	20.494 m ²			
TRANSFORMER ROOM	25.753 m ²			
TRANSFORMER ROOM	22.446 m ²			
SPRINKLER PUMP RM.	27.943 m ²			
ELECTRICAL ROOM	3.950 m ²			
FILTRATION PLANT ROOM	49.183 m²			
CLEANSING WATER PUMP RM	19.653 m²			
WATER METER RM.	3.500 m ²			
ELECT. RM.	2.849 m ²			
ELEC. RM.	1.457 m ²			
EMERGENCY GENERATOR ROOM	25.980 m ²			
NON-ESSENTIAL GENEARATOR RM.	16.745 m ²			
LOADING/ UNLOADING	24.500 m ²			
METER ROOM	2.821 m ²			
REFUSE STORAGE MATERIAL RECOVERY CHAMBER	13.517 m²			
METER ROOM	2.010 m ²			
TOTAL	333.284 m²			



Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Exempted GFA of Amenity Features	Area of Concern
PNAP	APP-42, APP-151, ADM-2	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	N/A	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	N/A	
Regulation Link	N/A	
Objectives	Amenity features are loosely defined as those elements of de whilst not statutory requirements are desirable to improve the and quality of a building or a development project. Provision features enhances the sense of care and pride for buildings, to inducing proper maintenance and repair.	e standard of such
Logics	Refer relevant PNAPs	
Specifications	Demarcate area on an area diagram view and list out	
BIM Approach	Use "Area Plan" to demarcate area and Schedule to list out	





17.	Horizontal screen/covered walkway, trellis	PNAP APP-42	-	7			
18,	Larger lift shaft	PNAP APP-89	/	1			
19.	Chimney shaft	PNAP APP-2	-/	/			
20.	Other non-mandatory or non-essential plant room, such as boiler room, SMATV room	PNAP APP-2	/	1			
21.	Pipe duct, air duct for mandatory feature or essential plant room ⁵	PNAP APF-2 & APF-93					
22.	Pipe duct, air duct for non-mandatory or non- essential plant room ⁶	PNAP APP-2	-	1			
23.	Plant room, pipe duct, air duct for	PNAP APP-2	/				
24.	environmentally friendly system and feature. High headroom and void in front of cinema,	PNAP APP-2	-	_			
24.	shopping arcade etc. in non-demostic development ⁸	PNAP APP-2	-				
25.	Void over main common entrance (prestige entrance) in non-domestic development	PNAP APP-2 & APP-42	/	1			
26.	Void in duplex domestic flat and house	PNAP APP-2	/	1			
27.	Sunshade and reflector	PNAP APP-19, APP-67 & APP- 156					
28.	Minor projection such as AC box, window cill, projecting window	PNAP APP-19 & APP-42					
29.	Other projection such as air-conditioning box and platform with a projection of more than	PNAP APP-19	/	1			
	750mm from the external wall						
Other	r Items						
30.	Refuge floor including refuge floor cuts sky cardes	PNAP APP-2 & APP-122					
31.	Covered area under large projecting/overhanging feature	PNAP APP-19					
12.	Public transport terminus (PTT)	PNAP APP.2					
33.	Party structure and common staircase	PNAP ADM-2					
34.	Herizontal area of staircase, lift shaft and vertical duct solely serving floor accepted as	PNAP APP-2					
15	not being accountable for GFA Public passage	PNAP APP-108					
36.	Covered set back area	PNAP APP-108					
		PNAP APP-152		_			
	s GPA						
37.	Bonus GFA	PNAP APP-108					
Notes:	Mandatory feature or essential plant room, are regulation, include door for baseness sense teleocensusations and boardcasting room, masterial recovery chamber, material recovery cross, or similar feature / plant room, and pipe network for such mandatory feature or essential.	he entraction system refuse storage cham hamber, refuse stora and air ducts which a	n, lift ma ber, refuse ge and man re part of th	chine room, storage and trial recovery e distribution			
1	Mandatocy froture or essortial plant room, are regularior*, include electrical switch room, me postable and finhring water task and pump room rifase hopper room, room occupied solely by it fin service J spristifer water task and pump smoke extraction system / stalease pressuriant pump room for raiswater, sell and waste dips and air ducts which are part of the distribution in laster and consulated within seath room.	ter room, transformen, sewage treatment piece service installation com, fire control ce on system, hose reel on system, hose reel on the control ce on the ce of the control ce on the ce of the c	r room, ger plant room, ns and equip nore, CO2 n closer, sump ne / plant ro	senator room, refuse chate, enent such as oom, fan for pump room/ som and pipe			

AREA OF GFA CONCESSIONS				
Name	AREA (SQ.M)			
TBE ROOM	23.455 m²			
POTABLE & FLUSHING WATER TANK TRANSFER PUMP ROOM	37.307 m²			
ELECTRICAL ROOM	9.720 m²			
MAIN SWITCH ROOM	20.494 m²			
TRANSFORMER ROOM	25.753 m²			
TRANSFORMER ROOM	22.446 m²			
SPRINKLER PUMP RM.	27.943 m²			
ELECTRICAL ROOM	3.950 m ²			
FILTRATION PLANT ROOM	49.183 m²			
CLEANSING WATER PUMP RM	19.653 m²			
WATER METER RM.	3.500 m ²			
ELECT. RM.	2.849 m ²			
ELEC. RM.	1.457 m²			
EMERGENCY GENERATOR ROOM	25.980 m ²			
NON-ESSENTIAL GENEARATOR RM.	16.745 m²			
LOADING/ UNLOADING	24.500 m ²			
METER ROOM	2.821 m²			
REFUSE STORAGE MATERIAL RECOVERY CHAMBER	13.517 m²			
METER ROOM	2.010 m ²			
TOTAL	333.284 m²			



Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Required Open Space	Area of Concern
PNAP	APP-132	3.4.2 Checking of
PNAP Link	http://www.bd.gov.hk/english/documents/pnap/APP/APP132.pdf	GFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 25	
Regulation Link	http://www.legislation.gov.hk/blis_pdf.nsf/6799165D2FEE3FA9482/25C2868DA2669A12482575EE003F079B/\$FILE/CAP_123F_e_b5.pdf.nsf/6799165D2FEE3FA9482	
Objectives	(1) (a) Every domestic building on a class A or B site or on a class All have within the site an open space at the rear, or partly a partly at the side, at a level of not less than 150 mm below the lowermost storey in accordance with the Second Schedule:	at the rear and
Logics	Lookup B(P)R second schedule	
Specifications	Lookup B(P)R second schedule X Roofed over area	
BIM Approach	Lookup B(P)R second schedule X Roofed over area	



Item	Class of site	Open space required
1.	Class A site.	Not less than one-half of the roofed-over area of the building.
2.	Class B site.	Not less than one-third of the roofed-over area of the building.
3.	Class C site.	Not less than one-quarter of the roofed-over area of the building.

(G.N.A. 97 of 1962; L.N. 82 of 1963)

RIM	Examp	1e
DIIVI	Examp)IC

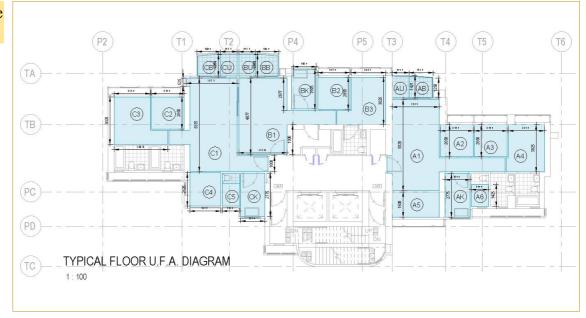




Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Usable Floor Area	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A	3.4.3.1 Checking of
PNAP Link	N/A	UFA
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	FS CODE 2011 Section 3	
Regulation Link	http://www.bd.gov.hk/english/documents/code/fs_code2011.pdf	
Objectives	N/A	
Logics	"Usable floor area" means the aggregate of the areas of the floors in a storey or a building excluding, unless otherwise sp staircase, public circulation space, lift landings, lavatories, was kitchens in flats, and any space occupied by machinery for an conditioning system or similar service provided for the buildings.	ecified, any ter-closets, y lift, air-
Specifications	Demarcate internal room area on an area plan diagram view	
BIM Approach	Use "Room" tool to measure area & create Schedule	



usable floor space (實用樓面空間) means any floor space other than staircases, staircase halls, lift landings, the space used in providing water-closet fitments, urinals and lavatory basins and the space occupied by machinery for any lift, air-conditioning system or similar service; (G.N.A. 97 of 1962)







Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Use Classification	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A	3.4.3 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	N/A	Means of Escape
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	FS CODE 2011 Table B1	
Regulation Link	http://www.bd.gov.hk/english/documents/code/fs_code2011.pdf	
Objectives	N/A	
Logics	"Use Classification" means the categories of use of premise in Table A1 of FS CODE 2011	es stipulated
Specifications	Lookup FS CODE 2011Table A1	
BIM Approach	Lookup FS CODE 2011Table A1	



Subsection A7 - Use Classification Subject (Subsection A7 - Use Classification A7 - Use Classification Subject (Subsection A7 - Use Classification A7 - Use Classification

LEVEL	NAME	CLASS
G/F	LOADING / UNLOADING	
G/F	MAIN ENTRANCE	1a (Residential - House type dwellings)
G/F	SHOP	4a (Commercial - Business facilities)
1 /F	TRANSFER PUMP ROOM	
1 /F	ELECTRICAL ROOM	
1 /F	TBE ROOM	
1 /F	MAIN SWITCH ROOM	
1 /F	TRANSFORMER ROOM	
2/F	SPRINKLER PUMP RM.	
2/F	MAIN SWITCH ROOM	
2/F	TRANSFORMER ROOM	
3/F	FS PUMP RM.	
3 <i>/</i> F	CLEANSING WATER PUMP RM	
5/F	E/M ROOM	
5/F	E/M ROOM	
5/F	E/M ROOM	
5/F	READING ROOM	5a (Assembly - Places of Public Entertainment
5/F	SWIMMING POOL	Sa (Assembly - Places of Public Entertainment
5/F	GYMNASIUM	5d (Assembly - Other Assembly Premises)
6/F	E/M ROOM	
6/F	SKY GARDEN	
7/F LOWER FLOOR	REFUGE FLOOR	1a (Residential - House type dwellings)
7/F LOWER FLOOR	REFUGE FLOOR	1a (Residential - House type dwellings)
8/F	DOMESTIC	1b (Residential - Flats)
LIFT MACHINE ROOM LEVEL	LIFT MACHINE ROOM	
LIFT MACHINE ROOM LEVEL	METER ROOM	
EMERGENCY GENERATOR 8 WATER PUMP ROOM	LIFT MACHINE ROOM	
EMERGENCY GENERATOR 8 WATER PUMP ROOM	PUMP ROOM	





Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Occupant Capacity of room, fire compartment or storey	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A	3.4.5 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	N/A	Fire Compartment and FRC
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	FS CODE 2011 Table B1	
Regulation Link	http://www.bd.gov.hk/english/documents/code/fs_code2011.pdf	
Objectives	N/A	
Logics	"Occupant capacity" means the number of persons, which storey or fire compartment of a building, for the purposes of capable of holding. Provided that where there is on any store entrance to a maisonette, that storey shall, for the purpose of definition, be deemed to include all floors of the maisonette.	this Code, is y the f this
Specifications	Lookup table FS CODE 2011 Table B1	
BIM Approach	Lookup table FS CODE 2011 Table B1	



Use Classification	Type of Accommodation	Occupancy Factor (usable floor area in m ² per person) or otherwise as specified
1b	Flats: - with corridor or balcony access having five or more flats on each floor served by each staircase	4.5
	- flats not covered by the above	9
Ic	Tenement houses	3
2	Boarding houses, hostels, hotels, motels, guesthouses	Number of bedspaces
	Dormitories	3
3a	Day care centres, nurseries, child care centres	4
	Hospitals (areas other than the patient care areas)	9
	Patient care areas	Number of bedspaces
3b	Detention and Correctional Centres	Number of bedspaces
4a	Offices	9
	 Board rooms, conference rooms, function rooms 	10
	- Staff rooms	9
4b	Retail shops / Department Stores (including arcade and common areas)	
	Basement, G/F, 1/F & 2/F	3
	3rd floor & above	4.5

		SCH	HEDULE OF MI	NIMUM NUMBE	R & WIDTH OF E	EXIT DOOR & EX	IT ROUTE FROM	M EACH FLOOR			
LEVEL	FLOOR	MIN. NO. OF E	XIT ROUTE		MIN. TOTAL	WIDTH OF			MIN. WIDTH	OF EACH	
	CAPACITY	REQ'D	PRO'D	EXIT D	OORS	EXIT RO	UTES	EXIT D	OOR	EXIT RO	OUTE
				REQ'D	PRO'D	REQ'D	PRO'D	REQ'D	PRO'D	REQ'D	PRO'D
5/F	64	2	2	1750	1750	2100	2100	850	875	1050	10
8/F	39	2	2	1750		2100	2100	850		1050	10





Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Minimum number and width of exit doors and exit routes from a room, fire compartment or storey	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A	3.4.3 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	http://N/A	Means of Escape
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	FS CODE 2011 Table B2	
Regulation Link	http://www.bd.gov.hk/english/documents/code/fs_code2011.pdf	
Objectives	N/A	
Logics	Base on Occupant Capacity, to look up COP 2011 Table B2	
Specifications	Lookup table FS CODE 2011 Table B2	
BIM Approach	Lookup table FS CODE 2011 Table B2	



Table B2: Minimum number and width of exit doors and exit routes from a room, fire compartment or storey

Occupant Capacity of room, fire compartment or	Minimum No. of exit doors or exit routes	Minimum to mm)	tal width (in	Minimum Width (in mm) of each			
storey (No. of persons)		Exit doors	Exit routes	Exit door	Exit route		
4- 30	1			750	1050		
31-200	2	1750	2100	850	1050		
201-300	2	2500	2500	1050	1050		
301-500	2	3000	3000	1050	1050		
501-750	3	4500	4500	1200	1200		
751-1000	4	6000	6000	1200	1200		
1001-1250	5	7500	7500	1350	1350		
1251-1500	6	9000	9000	1350	1350		
1501-1750	7	10500	10500	1500	1500		
1751-2000	8	12000	12000	1500	1500		
2001-2500	10	15000	15000	1500	1500		
2501-3000	12	18000	18000	1500	1500		

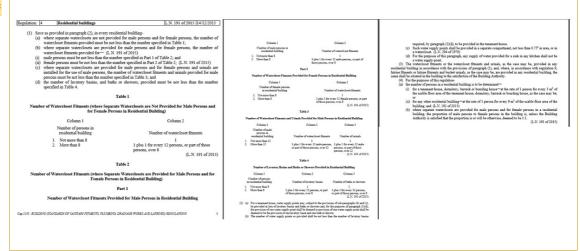
		SCH	HEDULE OF MIN	имим пимве	R & WIDTH OF E	EXIT DOOR & EX	(IT ROUTE FROM	M EACH FLOOR			
LEVEL	FLOOR	MIN. NO. OF E	XIT ROUTE		MIN. TOTAL	WIDTH OF			MIN. WIDTH	H OF EACH	
	CAPACITY	REQ'D	PRO'D	EXIT D	OORS	EXIT RO	DUTES	EXIT D	OOR	EXIT R	OUTE
				REQ'D	PRO'D	REQ'D	PRO'D	REQ'D	PRO'D	REQ'D	PRO'D
5/F	64	2	2	1750	1750	2100	2100	850	875	1050	1050
8/F	30	2	2	1750		2100	2100	850		1050	1050





Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Sanitary Fitment Provision	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A	3.4.4 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	N/A	Sanitary Fitment Provision
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123I reg 4, 5, 6, 6A, 7, 7A, &B, 7C, 8	
Regulation Link	http://www.legislation.gov.hk/blis_pdf.nsf/6799165D2FEE3FA9482/182338FA79710018482575EE003F2DBE/\$FILE/CAP_123I_e_b5.pd	
Objectives	The number of watercloset fitments, urinals, lavatory basins, I showers, must not be less than the number specified their restables in the regulations.	
Logics	The use of area (factor) and the usable floor area determine t sanitary provision.	he number of
Specifications	Lookup related regulation, Room area x factor (use) = Sanitar Provision of the area	ry Fitment
BIM Approach	Use "Schedule" to calculate the Sanitary Fitment required by area of the Room, then create a Sanitary Fitment Schedule	the use and





			CAPACITY			W.	C.			BAS	SIN		URIN	IAL		BA*	ГН		
		I F					U.			, u									r.
LOCATION	USE	AREA (SQ.M)	TOTAL	M.	f.	REQ'D	PRO'D	R EQ1D	PRO'D	REQ'D	PRO'D	REQ'D	PRO'D	REQ'D	PRO'D	REQ'D	PRO'D	REQ1D	PRO
	SHOP/DEPARMENT STORE	67.167	5	3	2	1	1	- 1	- 1	- 1	1	1	1	0					1
REC REATIONAL FASCILITIES GYMNASIUM	DOMESTIC	40.739	16	7	7	1	1	1	1	- 1	- 1	1	- 1	- 1	1	- 1	1	1	4
ECREATIONAL FASCILITIES READING ROOM	DOMESTIC	38.192	39	20	19	2	2	2	- 1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	- 2	4
ECREATIONAL FASCILITIES RECEPTION LOBBY	DOMESTIC	51.516	6	3	3	1	1	1	- 1	- 1	1	1	- 1	1	- 1	- 1	1	1	4
ECREATIONAL FASCILITIES SWIMMING POOL	DOMESTIC	87.38	30	15	15	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4
S/F (DOMESTIC) (LARGEST UNIT) ' UNIT A	DOMESTIC		10	-		- 2	2	0	7-	2	2	0	-		- 1-	2	2		1
35/F (DOMESTIC) (LARGEST UNIT) ' UNIT 8	DOMESTIC		7	- 02		- 1	2	0	15	1	2	0			0.5	- 1	2		1
IS/F (DOMESTIC) (LARGEST UNIT) ' UNIT C	DOMESTIC		9	- 07	-	- 2	2	0	325	2	2	0	-		- 65	2	2		1
DOMESTIC) UNIT A	DOMESTIC	4	8	-		- 1	1	0	7-	- 1	- 1	0	-		- 12-	- 1	1		т
DOMESTIC) UNIT B	DOMESTIC		9	9-		- 2	2	0	104	2	2	- 0				2	2		丰
															•				



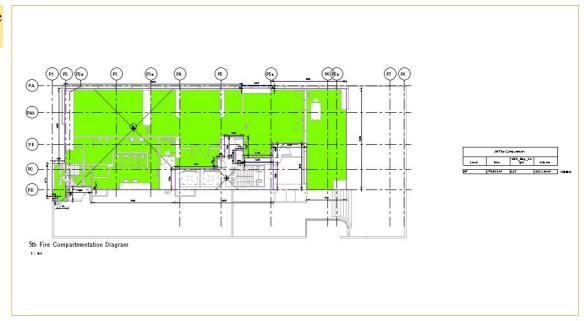


Format	Calculations	Statutory Submittal	Maximum fire compartment area	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A			3.4.5 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	N/A			Fire Compartment and FRC
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	FS CODE 2013	L Subsection	n C3	
Regulation Link	http://www.bd	gov.hk/engli	ish/documents/code/fs2011/fs2011_fu	ll.pdf
Objectives		eding the fir	divided into fire compartments by f e compartment area/volume specifi ead of fire.	l l
Logics	To look up FS	2011 Table	C1	
Specifications	To look up FS	2011 Table	C1	
BIM Approach	To look up FS	2011 Table	C1	



Table C1 - Fire Resistance Rating and Fire Compartment Limitations

Use Classification	Compartment Area/ Volume	Fire Resistance Rating (minutes)				
1. Residential	Not limited	60				
2. Hotel and similar Transient Accommodation	Not limited	60				
3. Institutional	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60				
4. Commercial:						
4a. Business Facilities	Not exceeding 10,500m ²	60				
4b. Mercantile Facilities	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60				
	Exceeding 2,500m ² but not exceeding 10,500m ²	120				





Format	Calculations Statutory Submittal Maximum fire compartment volume	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A	3.4.5 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	N/A	Fire Compartment and FRC
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	FS CODE 2011 Subsection C3	
Regulation Link	http://www.bd.gov.hk/english/documents/code/fs2011/fs2	011_full.pdf
Objectives	Every building should be divided into fire compartmen without exceeding the fire compartment area/volume in order to inhibit the spread of fire.	-
Logics	To look up FS2011 Table C1	
Specifications	To look up FS2011 Table C1	
BIM Approach	To look up FS2011 Table C1	



Table C1 - Fire Resistance Rating and Fire Compartment Limitations

Use Classification	Compartment Area/ Volume	Fire Resistance Rating (minutes)
1. Residential	Not limited	60
Hotel and similar Transient Accommodation	Not limited	60
3. Institutional	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60
4. Commercial:		
4a. Business Facilities	Not exceeding 10,500m ²	60
4b. Mercantile Facilities	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60
	Exceeding 2,500m ² but not exceeding 10,500m ²	120



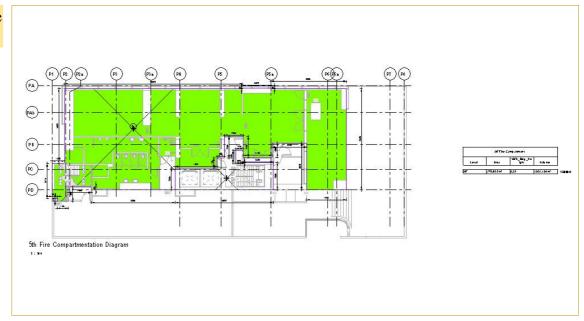


Format	Calculations	Statutory Submittal	Actual fire compartment area	l	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A				3.4.5 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	N/A				Fire Compartment and FRC
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	FS CODE 2011	. Subsectior	n C3		
Regulation Link	http://www.bd.	gov.hk/engli	sh/documents/code/fs2011/fs20)11_fu	ll.pdf
Objectives	, ,	ding the fire	divided into fire compartment e compartment area/volume s ead of fire.	-	
Logics	-	onstruction	eans a space enclosed by fire b to all sides such that fire will n		
			Jilling Space.		
Specifications	The Compartr use of the buil		nd the Fire Resisting Rating wi	II be I	imited by the
BIM Approach	Use of "Area P	Plan" to outl	ine all the Compartment Area	of the	e floor



Table C1 - Fire Resistance Rating and Fire Compartment Limitations

Use Classification	Compartment Area/ Volume	Fire Resistance Rating (minutes)
1. Residential	Not limited	60
Hotel and similar Transient Accommodation	Not limited	60
3. Institutional	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60
4. Commercial:		
4a. Business Facilities	Not exceeding 10,500m ²	60
4b. Mercantile Facilities	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60
	Exceeding 2,500m ² but not exceeding 10,500m ²	120





Format	Calculations Stat Subr	Actual fire compart	ment volume	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A			3.4.5 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	N/A			Fire Compartment and FRC
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	FS CODE 2011 Clause	e C3.1		
Regulation Link	http://www.bd.gov.hk/	english/documents/code/t	fs2011/fs2011_ful	l.pdf
Objectives	-	I be divided into fire con e fire compartment area spread of fire.	•	
Logics		means a space enclose tion to all sides such tha adjoining space.	•	
Specifications	The Compartment Vo	plume and the Fire Resist g	ting Rating will b	e limited by
BIM Approach	Use "Schedule" to ca	culate Room height and	Compartment A	Area



Table C1 – Fire Resistance Rating and Fire Compartment Limitations

Use Classification	Compartment Area/ Volume	Fire Resistance Rating (minutes)
1. Residential	Not limited	60
Hotel and similar Transient Accommodation	Not limited	60
3. Institutional	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60
4. Commercial:		133
4a. Business Facilities	Not exceeding 10,500m ²	60
4b. Mercantile Facilities	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60
	Exceeding 2,500m ² but not exceeding 10,500m ²	120
	-5	-5







Format	Calculations	Statutory Submittal	Required Fire Resistance Rating of Fire compartment	Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A			3.4.5 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	N/A			Fire Compartment and FRC
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	FS CODE 2013	L Clause C4.	1, Table C1	
Regulation Link	http://www.bd	.gov.hk/engl	ish/documents/code/fs2011/fs2011_fu	III.pdf
Objectives	•	n fire compa	ction within each fire compartment artment should have an FRR of not I	•
Logics	To look up FS	2011 Table	C1	
Specifications	To look up FS	2011 Table	C1	
BIM Approach	To look up FS	2011 Table	C1	



Use Classification	Compartment Area/ Volume	Fire Resistance Rating (minutes)
Residential	Not limited	60
Hotel and similar Transient Accommodation	Not limited	60
3. Institutional	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60
4. Commercial:		
4a. Business Facilities	Not exceeding 10,500m ²	60
4b. Mercantile Facilities	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60
	Exceeding 2,500m ² but not exceeding 10,500m ²	120
5. Assembly:		
5a & 5d. PPE & Other assembly premises	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60
premises	Exceeding 2,500m ² but not exceeding 10,500m ²	120
5b.Educational establishments	Not exceeding 2,500m ²	60
establishments	Exceeding 2,500m ² but not exceeding 10,500m ²	120
5c. Transport facilities	Not exceeding 10,500m ²	120
6. Industrial:		
6a. Industrial workplaces	Not exceeding 10,500m ²	120
6b. Bulk storage, Warehouses	Not exceeding 28,000m ³ and 10,500m ²	120
6c. Storage, manufacturing of hazardous/dangerous goods premises	Not exceeding 7,000m ⁵	120
7. Carparks	Not exceeding 10,500m ²	60

			FIRE F	ESISTANCE REC	UIREMENT FO	R ELEMENTS O	F CONSTRUCT	ION						
LEVEL	NAME	CLASS	TOTAL	FRP REQ'D	R.C. WALL	=> 1% V.R.	R.C. I	BEAM	R.C. CO	LUMN	R.C.	SLAB	R.C. 8	STAIR
			VOLUME (CU.M)		THK.	COVER TO STEEL	THK.	COVER TO STEEL	THK.	COVER TO STEEL	THK.	COVER TO STEEL	THK.	COVER TO STEEL
3/F	LOADING / UNLOADING		102.288	60	75	15	200	30	200	25	100	20	96	
3/F	MAIN ENTRANCE	1a (Residential - House type dwellings)	146.388	60	75	15	200	30	200	25	100	20	95	
3/F	SHOP	4a (Commercial - Business facilities)	280.422	60	75	15	200	30	200	25	100	20	95	
/F	TRANSFER PUMP ROOM		524.655	120	100	25	200	40	300	35	125	25	125	
/F	ELECTRICAL ROOM		524.655	120	100	25	200	40	300	35	125	25	125	
Æ	TBE ROOM		524.655	120	100	25	200	40	300	35	125	25	125	
Æ	MAIN SWITCH ROOM		144.483	120	100	25	200	40	300	35	125	25	125	
/F	TRANSFORMER ROOM		347.727	240	180	25	280	60*	450	35	170	45*	170	
VF	SPRINKLER PUMP RM.		524.655	120	100	25	200		300	35	125	25	125	
VF	MAIN SWITCH ROOM		144.483	120	100	25	200	40	300	35	125	25	125	
VF	TRANSFORMER ROOM		347.727	240	180	25	280	60*	450	35	170	45*	170	
/F	FS PUMP RM.		524.655	120	100	25	200		300	35	125	25	125	
VF	CLEANSING WATER PUMP RM		524.655	120	100	25	200	40	300	35	125	25	125	
Æ	READING ROOM	5a (Assembly - Places of Public Entertainment)	320.431	60	75	15	200		200	25	100	20	95	
F	SWIMMING POOL	5a (Assembly - Places of Public Entertainment)	320.431	60	75	15	200	30	200	25	100	20	95	
/F	GYMNASIUM	5d (Assembly - Other Assembly Premises)	341.800	60	75	15	200	30	200	25	100	20	95	





Format	Calculations	Statutory Submittal	Fireman's lifts		Area of Concern
PNAP	N/A				3.4.5 Checking of
PNAP Li n k	N/A				Fire Compartment and FRC
Building Ordinance/ Regulations/ COP	Cap 123F reg 4 FS2011 Clause				
Regulation Link			ık/blis_pdf.nsf/6799165D2FEE 5EE003F079B/\$FILE/CAP_123		
Objectives	rescue stairway Building (Plann	/s should b ning) Regul	taircases, fireman's lifts ar e provided in a building as ations 41A, 41B and 41C. Th ghting and rescue as require	required ne numb	by the er of these
Logics	To look up FS2	011 Table I	D1		
Specifications	Annotate the s	elected fire	man's lift		
BIM Approach	Use specific an	notation a	nd model to indicate the fir	eman's li	ft in use



Table D1 : Number of Access Staircases, Fireman's Lift and Firefighting and Rescue Stairways Required

Type of Building			No. of Access Staircases required	No. of Fireman's Lifts required	No. of Firefighting and Rescue Stairways required
(1)	All buildings and all basements	Not exceeding 1 storey	(i=0)	•	-
(2)	Domestic buildings for single family	Not exceeding 3 main storeys	-	-	
(3)	Domestic buildings or offices with G/F shop or carport	(a) exceeding 1 storey but not exceeding 6 storeys and uppermost floor not exceeding 13m above ground and usable floor area not exceeding 250m² per floor	One		-
		(b) exceeding 1 storey but not exceeding 6 storeys and uppermost floor exceeding 13m but not exceeding 17m above ground and usable floor area not exceeding 150 m ² per floor	One	6.6	

